Network Working Group Request for Comments: 40 E. Harslem
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More Comments on the Forthcoming Protocol

We have recently discussed NWG/RFC Nos. 36 and 39 with Steve Crocker, UCLA. Steve has asked that we elaborate on the errors, queries, and HOST status that were mentioned in NWG/RFC #39.

Please voice your opinions soon in order to affect the forthcoming protocol specifications.

ERROR MESSAGES

<ERR> <Code> <Command length> <Command in error>

<Code> is an eight-bit field that specifies the error type. The
assigned codes are shown below. <Command length> is a 16-bit integer
that indicates the length of the <Command in error> in bits. The
<Command in error> is the spurious command.

The ranges of <Code> are shown below in hexidecimal.

- 00 Unspecified error types
- 10-0F Resource errors
- 10-1F Status errors
- 20-2F Content errors
- 30-3F Unused

Specific values of <Code> are shown below with their meaning.

<code> value</code>	Semantics
00	Unspecified errors.
01	Request for an invalid resource.
02	Request for an exhausted resource, try later.
03-0F	Unused.
10	Invalid <rsm>, i.e., link connected but unblocked.</rsm>
11	Invalid <spd>.</spd>
12	Invalid <asg>, i.e., connected but no <rdy></rdy></asg>
	received.

<Code> value Semantics

```
13
           Message received on blocked link.
14-1F
           Unused.
20
           Unknown command code.
21
           Message received on unconnected link.
22
           Invalid <RFC>.
23
           Invalid <CLS>.
24
          Invalid <RSM>, i.e., link not connected.
25
          Invalid <FND>.
26
          Invalid <END>.
27
          Invalid <RDY>.
28
          Invalid <ASG>, i.e., not connected.
29-2F
          Unused.
30-FF
           Unused.
```

QUERIES

```
<QRY> <My Socket>
or <RPY> <Your Socket> <Text>
```

The <QRY> is the query indicated in NWG/RFC #39 and <RPY> is the reply. The format of <Text> is shown below; also refer to NWG/RFC #36, p. 3.

<relevant connection table entries>::=

<relevant connection table entries>
<a relevant connection table entry>
<a relevant connection table entry>

<NOP>

An NCP may be up, down, pending, etc. When an NCP changes its state to UP it should send a <NOP> to each remote NCP which indicates the NCP is available. The sending NCP can then construct a vector of HOST status from the RFNMs it receives. An NCP receiving a <NOP> can update the availability of the sending NCP in its HOST status vector.

[This RFC was put into machine readable form for entry] [into the online RFC archives by Richard Ames 6/97]