Network Working Group Request for Comments: 4936 Category: Standards Track C. DeSanti H.K. Vivek K. McCloghrie Cisco Systems S. Gai Nuova Systems August 2007

### Fibre Channel Zone Server MIB

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects for information related to a Fibre Channel Zone Server.

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#### 1. Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects for information related to a Fibre Channel network's Zone Server.

This memo was previously approved by INternational Committee for Information Technology Standards (INCITS) Task Group T11.5 (http://www.t11.org); this document is a product of the IETF's IMSS working group.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14, RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

#### 2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

- 3. Overview of Fibre Channel
- 3.1. General Overview

The Fibre Channel (FC) is logically a bidirectional point-to-point serial data channel, structured for high performance. Fibre Channel provides a general transport vehicle for higher-level protocols such as Small Computer System Interface (SCSI) command sets, the High-Performance Parallel Interface (HIPPI) data framing, IP (Internet Protocol), IEEE 802.2, and others.

Physically, Fibre Channel is an interconnection of multiple communication points, called N\_Ports, interconnected either by a switching network, called a Fabric, or by a point-to-point link. A Fibre Channel "node" consists of one or more N\_Ports. A Fabric may consist of multiple Interconnect Elements, some of which are

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switches. An N\_Port connects to the Fabric via a port on a switch called an F\_Port. When multiple FC nodes are connected to a single port on a switch via an "Arbitrated Loop" topology, the switch port is called an FL\_Port, and the nodes' ports are called NL\_Ports. The term Nx\_Port is used to refer to either an N\_Port or an NL\_Port. The term Fx\_Port is used to refer to either an F\_Port or an FL\_Port. A switch port, which is interconnected to another switch port via an Inter-Switch Link (ISL), is called an E\_Port. A B\_Port connects a bridge device with an E\_Port on a switch; a B\_Port provides a subset of E\_Port functionality.

Many Fibre Channel components, including the Fabric, each node, and most ports, have globally unique names. These globally unique names are typically formatted as World Wide Names (WWNs). More information on WWNs can be found in [FC-FS]. WWNs are expected to be persistent across agent and unit resets.

Fibre Channel frames contain 24-bit address identifiers that identify the frame's source and destination ports. Each FC port has both an address identifier and a WWN. For an Nx\_Port, its WWN is called a N\_Port\_Name and its address identifier is called an N\_Port\_ID. When a Fabric is in use, the FC address identifiers are dynamic and are assigned by a switch. Each octet of a 24-bit address represents a level in an address hierarchy, with a Domain\_ID being the highest level of the hierarchy.

### 3.2. Zoning

Zones within a Fabric provide a mechanism to control frame delivery between Nx\_Ports ("Hard Zoning") or to expose selected views of Name Server information ("Soft Zoning").

Communication is only possible when the communicating endpoints are members of a common zone. This technique is similar to virtual private networks in that the Fabric has the ability to group devices into Zones.

Hard zoning and soft zoning are two different means of realizing this. Hard zoning is enforced in the Fabric (i.e., switches) whereas soft zoning is enforced at the endpoints (e.g., host bus adapters (HBAs)) by relying on the endpoints to not send traffic to an N\_Port\_ID not obtained from the Name Server with a few exceptions for well-known N\_Port\_IDs used to bootstrap the Fabric (e.g., talk to the Name Server).

Administrators create Zones to increase network security and to prevent data loss or corruption by controlling access between devices or user groups. Zones may be specifically used to create:

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- a) Barriers between devices that use different operating systems. It is often critical to separate servers and storage devices with different operating systems because accidental transfer of information from one to another may delete or corrupt data;
- b) Logical subsets of closed user groups. Administrators may authorize access rights to specific Zones for specific user groups, thereby protecting confidential data from unauthorized access;
- c) Groups of devices that are separate from devices in the rest of a Fabric. Zones allow certain processes to be performed on devices in a group without interrupting devices in other groups; or
- d) Temporary access between devices for specific purposes. Administrators may remove Zone restrictions temporarily, then restore Zone restrictions to perform normal processes.
- 3.3. Zoning Configuration and Management

Zones are configured via a Fabric Zone Server, using requests defined in [FC-GS-5]), or via the T11-FC-ZONE-SERVER-MIB module defined in this memo, or via some other mechanism.

An Nx\_Port may be a member of one or more Zones. Zone membership may be specified by:

- a) The N\_Port\_Name of the Nx\_Port connected to the switch;
- b) The N\_Port\_ID assigned during Fabric Login;
- c) The Node\_Name associated with the Nx\_Port; note that the Node\_Name may include more than one Nx\_Port;
- d) The F\_Port\_Name of the Fx\_Port to which the Nx\_Port is connected; or
- e) The domain identifier (Domain\_ID) and physical port number of the Switch Port to which the Nx\_Port is attached.

A Fabric's Zone Server may be used to create a Zone by specifying the Zone Members. One or more Zones may be collected into a Zone Set, and a Zone may be a member of more than one Zone Set. A Zone Set creates a collection of Zones that may be activated or deactivated as a single entity across all Switches in a Fabric (e.g., having two Zone Sets, one for normal operation, and a second for backup during off-hours). Only one Zone Set may be activated at one time.

Other terminology defined in [FC-GS-5] is: an Active Zone Set is the Zone Set currently enforced by a Fabric; a Zone Set Database is a database of the Zone Sets available to be activated within a Fabric;

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and a Zoning Database is a generic term used to indicate a combination of an Active Zone Set and a Zone Set Database.

Two distinct sets of management requests, Enhanced and Basic, are defined in [FC-GS-5] to interact with a Fabric Zone Server. Basic Zoning provides compatibility with [FC-GS-4] and earlier versions of Fibre Channel's Generic Services specification. If all the Switches in a Fabric support the Enhanced request set, then it may be used to manage zoning; otherwise, only the Basic request set may be used, in order to support backward compatibility.

In the context of Enhanced Zoning Management, a management action (i.e., write access to the Zoning Database) to the Zone Server can only occur inside a server session. A server session is set up using the FC-GS-5's Common Transport (CT) protocol defined in [FC-GS-5]. A server session is delimited by CT protocol requests, Server Session Begin (SSB) and Server Session End (SSE), which are directed to the Management Service and which have the GS\_Subtype specifying the Zone Server. Query requests that result in read access to the Zoning Database are not required to be issued inside a server session, although the information returned is not guaranteed to be consistent when supplied outside of a server session.

When setting up a server session for Enhanced Zoning, the Zone Server is required to lock the Fabric. This ensures serialized management access to the Zoning Database and guarantees a deterministic behavior. The switch that receives the SSB request is called the 'managing' switch, and it tries to lock the Fabric using the Fabric Management Session Protocol (see section 10.6 of [FC-SW-4]) by sending an Acquire Change Authorization (ACA) request to all other switches in the Fabric. If any switch(es) respond with an SW\_RJT indicating failure, then the attempt to lock the Fabric fails and the SSB request is rejected. If all the other switches respond with an SW\_ACC indicating success, then the Fabric is locked and the server session can be established. The subsequent SSE request causes a Release Change Authorization (RCA) request to all other switches, and thus, the Fabric to be unlocked.

For at least one application other than Zoning, the managing switch uses a different type of request to lock the Fabric, i.e., it sends an Enhanced Acquire Change Authorization (EACA) request to all other switches in the Fabric. An EACA reserves local resources associated with a designated application to ensure the consistency of that application's data. The application is identified in the EACA using an Application\_ID (see Table 116 in [FC-SW-4]). A lock that was established via an EACA is released using an Enhanced Release Change Authorization (ERCA) request.

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Changes requested in a Zoning Database by Enhanced Zoning commands persist after the end of the Zoning (server) session only if the commands are followed, within the same server session, by a Commit Zone Changes (CMIT) request. On receipt of a CMIT request, the Zone Server checks that the Zoning Database as modified by the outstanding changes will pass the applicable consistency checks, and then distributes it to all other switches in the Fabric using a Stage Fabric Configuration Update (SFC) request. If all other switches accept the SFC request, then the "managing" switch sends an Update Fabric Configuration (UFC) Request to each other switch, and the staged Zoning Database thereby becomes the Fabric's (active) Zoning Database.

The latest standard for an interconnecting Fabric containing multiple Fabric Switch elements is [FC-SW-4]. [FC-SW-4] carries forward the earlier specification for the operation of a single Fabric in a physical infrastructure, and augments it with the definition of Virtual Fabrics and with the specification of how multiple Virtual Fabrics can operate within one (or more) physical infrastructures. The use of Virtual Fabrics provides for each frame to be tagged in its header to indicate which one of several Virtual Fabrics that frame is being transmitted on. All frames entering a particular "Core Switch" [FC-SW-4] (i.e., a physical switch) on the same Virtual Fabric are processed by the same "Virtual Switch" within that Core switch.

4. Relationship to Other MIBs

The Fibre Channel Management MIB [RFC4044] defines basic information for Fibre Channel hosts and switches, including extensions to the standard IF-MIB [RFC2863] for Fibre Channel interfaces.

This MIB extends beyond [RFC4044] to cover the management of Fibre Channel Zoning Servers, both for Basic Zoning Management and for Enhanced Zoning Management, as defined in the FC-GS-5 specification.

This MIB imports some common Textual Conventions from T11-TC-MIB, defined in [RFC4439]. It also imports a TC from T11-FC-NAME-SERVER-MIB, defined in [RFC4438], plus InetAddressType and InetAddress from INET-ADDRESS-MIB [RFC4001]. It also includes a reference to snmpCommunitySecurityName defined in [RFC3584].

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# 5. MIB Overview

This document defines two MIB modules: T11-FC-FABRIC-LOCK-MIB and T11-FC-ZONE-SERVER-MIB.

T11-FC-FABRIC-LOCK-MIB supports FC-GS-5's generic capability of locking the Fabric for a particular "application" such as (the management of) Enhanced Zoning. The MIB contains one table in which each entry represents a particular switch being the 'managing' switch of a particular application's Fabric lock.

T11-FC-ZONE-SERVER-MIB is specific to the operation of Zone Servers, which can operate in Basic mode or in Enhanced mode. This MIB module imports the T11NsGs4RejectReasonCode textual convention defined in T11-FC-NAME-SERVER-MIB [RFC4438].

#### 5.1. Fibre Channel Management Instance

A Fibre Channel management instance is defined in [RFC4044] as a separable managed instance of Fibre Channel functionality. Fibre Channel functionality may be grouped into Fibre Channel management instances in whatever way is most convenient for the implementation(s). For example, one such grouping accommodates a single SNMP agent having multiple AgentX [RFC2741] sub-agents, with each sub-agent implementing a different Fibre Channel management instance.

The object, fcmInstanceIndex, is IMPORTed from the FC-MGMT-MIB [RFC4044] as the index value to uniquely identify each Fibre Channel management instance, for example, within the same SNMP context ([RFC3411], section 3.3.1).

### 5.2. Switch Index

The FC-MGMT-MIB [RFC4044] defines the fcmSwitchTable as a table of information about Fibre Channel switches that are managed by Fibre Channel management instances. Each Fibre Channel management instance can manage one or more Fibre Channel switches. The Switch Index, fcmSwitchIndex, is IMPORTed from the FC-MGMT-MIB as the index value to uniquely identify a Fibre Channel switch amongst those (one or more) managed by the same Fibre Channel management instance.

## 5.3. Fabric Index

Whether operating on a physical Fabric (i.e., without Virtual Fabrics) or within a Virtual Fabric, the operation of a Zone Server within a Fabric is identical. Therefore, this MIB defines all Fabric-related information in tables that are INDEXed by an arbitrary

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integer, named a "Fabric Index", having the syntax, TllFabricIndex, which is IMPORTed from the T11-TC-MIB [RFC4439]. When a device is connected to a single physical Fabric, without use of any Virtual Fabrics, the value of this Fabric Index will always be 1. In an environment of multiple virtual and/or physical Fabrics, this index provides a means to distinguish one Fabric from another.

It is quite possible, and may even be likely, that a Fibre Channel switch will have ports connected to multiple virtual and/or physical Fabrics. Thus, in order to simplify a management protocol query concerning all the Fabrics to which a single switch is connected, fcmSwitchIndex will be listed before an object with FabricIndex as its syntax when both appear in the same INDEX clause.

### 5.4. Locking the Fabric

The T11-FC-FABRIC-LOCK-MIB module provides for the management of locks on a Fibre Channel Fabric. A Fibre Channel Fabric lock is used to ensure serialized access to some types of management data related to a Fabric, e.g., the Fabric's Zoning Database.

Some (managing) applications obtain a lock by initiating server sessions and the Fabric is locked so as to reserve local resources in each Switch. For this usage, the managing switch sends an Acquire Change Authorization (ACA) request to other switches in order to lock the Fabric.

For some other applications, a managing switch locks the Fabric using an Enhanced Acquire Change Authorization (EACA) request, which identifies the application on whose behalf the Fabric is being locked with an Application\_ID. In this case, only local resources associated with the designated application are reserved.

Locks established via ACAs and via EACAs are both represented in the tllFLockTable in the Tll-FC-FABRIC-LOCK-MIB. The Application\_ID provided by the EACA serves to distinguish between multiple concurrent locks established by EACAs. In order to use this same mechanism to distinguish a lock established via an ACA from each of those established via EACAs, an additional (special) value of Application\_ID has been assigned [APPL-ID] for use by this MIB module. Specifically, this newly assigned value will never be used to indicate an Application locked by an EACA, and therefore this MIB module uses it to uniquely distinguish a lock established via an ACA. In other words, with this additional assignment, an Application\_ID value can be used to uniquely identify any active lock amongst all those established (on the same Fabric) either by an EACA or an ACA.

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# 5.5. Basic and Enhanced Modes

The tllZsServerOperationMode object indicates whether a Fabric's Zone Server is operating in Basic mode or Enhanced mode. These two modes have a sufficient amount of commonality to make it worthwhile to have one set of MIB objects that are used for the subset of functionality that is common to both modes. To accommodate the differences, additional MIB objects are defined.

For Enhanced mode, the additional objects are defined in a group, tllZsEnhancedModeGroup, which is only required to be implemented in a Zone Server capable of supporting Enhanced mode. The objects specific to Basic mode are always (even in Enhanced mode) expected to be implemented, but when in Enhanced mode, their values are either restricted or do not affect current operations, e.g.,

- an example of "restricted" is: the distribution of updates to the Zone Server database throughout the Fabric has to be requested explicitly in Basic mode; this functionality is provided in the MIB by the tll2sServerDistribute object. In contrast, in Enhanced mode, the distribution is an implicit part of the commit function which is initiated using the tllZsServerCommit object. Thus, when operating in Enhanced mode, tllZsServerDistribute has a fixed value, and when operating in Basic mode, t11ZsServerCommit has a fixed value.
- an example of "do not affect current operations" is: tllZsServerHardZoning, which specifies whether a switch enforces hard Zoning on a Fabric when in Basic mode. This object is instantiated and could even be modified while in Enhanced mode, but its value only takes effect when in Basic mode. (Note that in Enhanced mode, t11ZsActiveZoneHardZoning specifies whether hard Zoning is enabled on a particular Zone.)

# 5.6. Persistent Storage

A Zone Server Database for a given Fabric consists of the combination of many of the tables defined in this MIB module. In order to ensure that such a Database is consistent, this MIB module defines just one object (t11ZsServerDatabaseStorageType) with a syntax of StorageType, whose value for a given Fabric is defined to be applicable to all of that Fabric's Zone Server Database as defined in all the tables in this MIB module.

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# 5.7. The Active Zone Set and the Zone Set Database

As described in FC-GS-5 [FC-GS-5], one of the Zone Sets in the Zone Set Database can be activated to become the Active Zone Set, i.e., the one which is enforced on the Fabric. Get/Add/Remove-type requests are defined in FC-GS-5 to allow access to the Zone Set Database. When the Zone Set Database is modified, such modifications don't affect the Active Zone Set unless and until a subsequent activation. Interaction directly with the Active Zone Set is also possible via the FC-GS-5 requests: 'Activate Direct' and 'Get Active Zone Set'. This is illustrated in the following rendition of Figure 15 of [FC-GS-5]:



The T11-FC-ZONE-SERVER-MIB module, defined in section 7, models the above structure by having one set of MIB tables for the Zone Set Database and a separate set for the Active Zone Set, specifically:

- seven tables for the Zone Set Database: tllZsSetTable, tllZsZoneTable, tllZsSetZoneTable, tllZsAliasTable, tllZsZoneMemberTable, tllZsAttribBlockTable and tllZsAttribTable.
- four tables for the Active Zone Set: tllZsActiveTable, tllZsActiveZoneTable, tllZsActiveZoneMemberTable and tllZsActiveAttribTable.

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### 5.8. Conformance Groups

5.8.1. The tllZsBasicGroup

This group contains objects to retrieve and to modify the Zoning configuration of a Zone Server capable of operating in Basic mode.

5.8.2. The tllZsEnhancedModeGroup

This group contains objects to retrieve and to modify the Zoning configuration of a Zone Server capable of operating in Enhanced mode.

5.8.3. The tllZsActivateGroup

This group contains objects that allow a Zone Set to be activated via SNMP SetRequests and provide the status and result of such an activation.

5.8.4. The tllZsStatisticsGroup

This group contains objects for collecting Zone Server statistics.

5.8.5. The tllZsNotificationGroup

This group contains notifications for monitoring: Zone merge successes and failures, Zone Server request rejections, changes in the Default Zoning behavior, and the success or failure of an attempt to activate or deactivate a Zone Set.

5.8.5.1. Flow-Control for Notifications

When defining SNMP notifications for events that occur in the dataplane, the maximum frequency of their generation needs to be considered. Unless there is some limiting factor, such notifications need to be flow-controlled in some way, e.g., defined such that after some maximum number have occurred within a specified time interval, further notifications are suppressed for some subsequent time interval. However, as and when such a suppression occurs, the Network Management System (NMS) that didn't receive the notifications (because they were suppressed) needs an indication of how many were suppressed. Therefore, an additional Counter32 object needs to be defined, and/or a new type of notification needs to be defined for use at the end of the interval. While this is extra complexity, it is necessary for notifications that need to be flow-controlled.

In contrast, for notifications such as all those defined in this MIB module, which are generated due to control-plane events (and are not able to start a chain reaction):

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- estimating the maximum number that could be generated per unit time for each type of notification is too simplistic. For example, it's unreasonable to ask how many of the tllZsDefZoneChangeNotify notifications can be generated in a time interval because it depends on several factors: how many operators can be reconfiguring the network at the same time? and how frequently can each of them change the Default Zone Setting?
- the extra complexity of flow-controlling these types of notifications is not warranted.
- 5.8.6. The tllZsNotificationControlGroup

This group contains objects that allow each type of notification (in the t11ZsNotificationGroup group) to be independently enabled or disabled. It also contains objects that are used to include useful information in those notifications; these objects are defined as read-only to allow the values contained in the most recent notification to be queried.

6. The T11-FC-FABRIC-LOCK-MIB Module

T11-FC-FABRIC-LOCK-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

## IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTI	TY, OBJECT-TYPE,				
mib-2		FROM	SNMPv2-SMI		[RFC2578]
RowStatus		FROM	SNMPv2-TC		[RFC2579]
MODULE-COMPLI	ANCE, OBJECT-GROUP	FROM	SNMPv2-CONF		[RFC2580]
InetAddressTy	InetAddressType, InetAddress				
			-ADDRESS-MIB		[RFC4001]
fcmInstanceIn	dex, fcmSwitchIndex	FROM	FC-MGMT-MIB		[RFC4044]
T11NsGs4RejectReasonCode		FROM			
	T11-F				[RFC4438]
TllFabricIndex		FROM	T11-TC-MIB;		[RFC4439]
tllFabricLockMIB LAST-UPDATED ORGANIZATION CONTACT-INFO "	MODULE-IDENTITY "2007062700002" "For the initial ver For later versions, Claudio DeSanti Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Driv San Jose, CA 95134 U EMail: cds@cisco.com Keith McCloghrie	the	, T11. IETF'S IMSS W	orki	ing Group."

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Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134 USA EMail: kzm@cisco.com"

#### DESCRIPTION

"The MIB module for the management of locks on a Fibre Channel Fabric. A Fibre Channel Fabric lock is used to ensure serialized access to some types of management data related to a Fabric, e.g., the Fabric's Zoning Database.

Some (managing) applications generate Fabric locks by initiating server sessions. Server sessions are defined generically in FC-GS-5 to represent a collection of one or more requests to the session's server, e.g., to the Zone Server. Such a session is started by a Server Session Begin (SSB) request, and terminated by a Server Session End (SSE) request. The switch receiving the SSB is called the 'managing' switch. Some applications require the 'managing' switch to lock the Fabric for the particular application, e.g., for Enhanced Zoning, before it can respond successfully to the SSB. On receipt of the subsequent SSE, the lock is released. For this usage, the managing switch sends an Acquire Change Authorization (ACA) request to other switches to lock the Fabric.

For some other applications, a managing switch locks the Fabric using an Enhanced Acquire Change Authorization (EACA) request, which identifies the application on whose behalf the Fabric is being locked with an Application\_ID.

Fabric locks can also be requested more directly, e.g., through the use of this MIB. In these situations, the term 'managing' switch is used to indicate the switch that receives such a request and executes it by issuing either ACA or EACA requests to other switches in the Fabric.

This MIB module defines information about the 'managing' switch for currently-active Fabric locks.

Copyright (C) The IETF Trust (2007). This version of this MIB module is part of RFC 4936; see the RFC itself for full legal notices." REVISION "200706270000Z" DESCRIPTION "Initial version of this MIB module, published as RFC 4936." ::= { mib-2 159 }

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tllFLockMIBObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { tllFabricLockMIB 1 }
tllFLockMIBConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { tllFabricLockMIB 2 } tllFLockMIBNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { tllFabricLockMIB 0 }
tllFLockConfiguration OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { tllFLockMIBObjects 1 } \_ \_ -- The table of Managing Switches and their Fabric Locks \_ \_ t11FLockTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11FLockEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A table containing information about the 'managing' switch of each current Fabric lock, e.g., for the types of Servers defined in FC-GS-5. Each entry in this table represents either: 1) a current Fabric lock, 2) an in-progress attempt, requested via SNMP, to set up a lock, or 3) a failed attempt, requested via SNMP, to set up a lock. If an entry is created via t11FLockRowStatus, but the attempt to obtain the lock fails, then the entry continues to exist until it is deleted via t11FLockRowStatus, or it is overwritten by the lock being established via a means other than SNMP. However, rows created via tllFLockRowStatus are not retained over restarts." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5), ANSI INCITS 427-2007, sections 4.9.5 and 6.4.10.2." ::= { t11FLockConfiguration 1 } t11FLockEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11FLockEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Each entry contains information specific to a current Fabric lock set up by a particular 'managing' switch on a particular Fabric. The 'managing switch' is identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and fcmSwitchIndex. Server sessions for several different types of servers are defined in FC-GS-5. The behavior of a server with DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 15] respect to commands received within a server session is specified for each type of server. For some types, parameter changes can only be made within the context of a session, and the setting up of a session requires that the Fabric be locked. A Fabric is locked by one switch, called the 'managing' switch, sending Acquire Change Authorization (ACA) requests to all other switches in the Fabric.

For other applications, a Fabric lock is established by the 'managing' switch sending Enhanced Acquire Change Authorization (EACA) requests to other switches in the Fabric. Each EACA request includes an Application\_ID value to identify the application requesting the lock.

For the benefit of this MIB module, a distinct value of Application\_ID has also been assigned/reserved (see ANSI INCITS T11/06-679v0, titled 'FC-SW-5 Letter to T11.5') as a means of distinguishing locks established via Acquire Change Authorization (ACA) requests. This additional assignment allows an Application\_ID to be used to uniquely identify any active lock amongst all those established by either an EACA or an ACA.

Whenever a Fabric is locked, by the sending of either an ACA or an EACA, a row gets created in the representation of this table for the 'managing' switch.

In order to process SNMP SetRequests that make parameter changes for the relevant types of servers (e.g., to the Zoning Database), the SNMP agent must get serialized access to the Fabric (for the relevant type of management data), i.e., the Fabric must be locked by creating an entry in this table via an SNMP SetRequest. Creating an entry in this table via an SNMP SetRequest causes an ACA or an EACA to be sent to all other switches in the Fabric. The value of tllFLockApplicationID for such an entry determines whether an ACA or an EACA is sent.

If an entry in this table is created by an SNMP SetRequest, the value of the tllFLockInitiatorType object in that entry will normally be 'snmp'. A row for which the value of tllFLockInitiatorType is not 'snmp' cannot be modified via SNMP. In particular, it cannot be deleted via tllFLockRowStatus. Note that it's possible for a row to be created by an SNMP SetRequest, but for the setup of the lock to fail, and immediately thereafter be replaced by a lock successfully set up by some other means; in such a case, the value of tllFLockInitiatorType would change as and when the

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lock was set up by the other means, and so the row could not thereafter be deleted via t11FLockRowStatus. FC-GS-5 mentions various error situations in which a Fabric lock is released so as to avoid a deadlock. In such situations, the agent removes the corresponding row in this table as and when the lock is released. This can happen for all values of t11FLockInitiatorType." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5), ANSI INCITS 427-2007, sections 4.9.5.5 and 6.4.7.1. Fibre Channel - Switch Fabric-4 (FC-SW-4), ANSI INCITS 418-2006, sections 6.1.17, 10.6.6, and 13.2, and table 116. 'FC-SW-5 Letter to T11.5' ANSI INCITS T11/06-679v0, http://www.tll.org/ftp/tll/pub/fc/sw-5/06-679v0.pdf, 21 September 2006." { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex, t11FLockFabricIndex, INDEX t11FLockApplicationID } ::= { t11FLockTable 1 } T11FLockEntry ::= SEQUENCE { tllFLockFabricIndexTllFabricIndex,tllFLockFabricIndexTllFabricIndex,tllFLockApplicationIDOCTET STRING,tllFLockInitiatorTypeINTEGER,tllFLockInitiatorIpAddrTypeInetAddressType,tllFLockInitiatorIpAddrInetAddress,tllFLockStatusINTEGEP t11FLockStatusINTEGER,t11FLockRejectReasonCodeT11NsGs4RejectReasonCode,t11FLockRejectReasonCodeExpOCTET STRING, t11FLockRejectReasonVendorCode OCTET STRING, t11FLockRowStatus RowStatus } t11FLockFabricIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11FabricIndex MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A unique index value that uniquely identifies a particular Fabric. In a Fabric conformant to FC-SW-4, multiple Virtual Fabrics can operate within one (or more) physical infrastructures, and this index value is used to uniquely identify a DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 17]

particular (physical or virtual) Fabric within a physical infrastructure. In a Fabric conformant to versions earlier than FC-SW-4, only a single Fabric could operate within a physical infrastructure, and thus, the value of this Fabric Index was defined to always be 1." ::= { tllFLockEntry 1 } t11FLockApplicationID OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (1)) MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The Application\_ID value that identifies the type of application for which the Fabric is locked. A lock established via Acquire Change Authorization (ACA) does not, strictly speaking, have an Application\_ID value. However, the value 'FF'h (255 decimal) has been reserved by T11 to be used as the value of this MIB object as and when a lock is established by an ACA. This value was initially documented in a letter from the FC-SW-5 Editor to T11.5, which was approved by the T11 and T11.5 plenary meetings on October 5, 2006." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Switch Fabric-4 (FC-SW-4), ANSI INCITS 418-2006, April 2006, Table 116. 'FC-SW-5 Letter to T11.5' ANSI INCITS T11/06-679v0, http://www.tll.org/ftp/tll/pub/fc/sw-5/06-679v0.pdf, 21 September 2006." ::= { tllFLockEntry 2 } t11FLockInitiatorType OBJECT-TYPE INTEGER { SYNTAX other(1), ssb(2), cli(3), snmp(4) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object specifies what type of initiator generated the request that caused this lock to be established: other - none of the following. DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 18]

ssb - this lock was established due to the receipt of an SSB, e.g., from a GS-5 client. cli - this lock was established in order to process a Command Line Interface (CLI) command. - this lock was established as a result snmp of an SNMP SetRequest. ::= { t11FLockEntry 3 } t11FLockInitiator OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(0..64)) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object specifies the initiator whose request caused this lock to be established. If the value of the corresponding instance of tllFLockInitiatorType is 'ssb', this object will contain the FC\_ID of the client that issued the Server Session Begin (SSB) that required the lock to be established. If the value of the corresponding instance of tllFLockInitiatorType object is 'cli', this object will contain the user name of the CLI (Command Line Interface) user on whose behalf the lock was established. If the value of the corresponding instance of tllFLockInitiatorType is 'snmp', this object will contain the SNMP securityName used by the SNMPv3 message containing the SetRequest that created this row. (If the row was created via SNMPv1 or SNMPv2c, then the appropriate value of the snmpCommunitySecurityName is used.)" REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5), ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 4.9.5.2. SNMP securityName is defined in RFC 3411, 'An Architecture for Describing Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Management Frameworks'. snmpCommunitySecurityName is defined in RFC 3584, 'Coexistence between Version 1, Version 2, and DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 19]

```
Version 3 of the Internet-standard Network
          Management Framework.'"
    ::= { tllFLockEntry 4 }
t11FLockInitiatorIpAddrType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAXInetAddressTypeMAX-ACCESSread-onlyCTATUCCURRENT
   MAX-ACCESS
                  current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
          "This object specifies the type of IP address contained
          in the corresponding instance of tllFLockInitiatorIpAddr.
          If the IP address of the location of the initiator is
          unknown or not applicable, this object has the value:
          'unknown'."
    ::= { t11FLockEntry 5 }
t11FLockInitiatorIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                  current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This object specifies the IP address of the location
          of the initiator that established this lock via a
          request of the type given by the corresponding instance
          of tllFLockInitiatorType. In cases where the
          corresponding instance of tllFLockInitiatorIpAddrType has
          the value: 'unknown', the value of this object is the
          zero-length string."
    ::= { t11FLockEntry 6 }
t11FLockStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                     active(1),
                     settingUp(2),
                     rejectFailure(3),
                     otherFailure(4)
                 }
   MAX-ACCESS
                 read-only
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This object gives the current status of the lock:
             'active'
                             -- the lock is currently established.
```

'settingUp' -- the fock is currently established. 'settingUp' -- the 'managing' switch is currently attempting to set up the lock, e.g., it is waiting to receive Accepts for ACAs from every switch in the Fabric.

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'rejectFailure' -- the 'managing' switch's attempt to set up the lock was rejected with the reason codes given by: t11FLockRejectReasonCode, t11FLockRejectReasonCodeExp and t11FLockRejectReasonVendorCode. 'otherFailure' -- the 'managing' switch's attempt to set up the lock failed (but no reason codes are available). For values of tllFLockInitiatorType other than 'snmp', a row is only required to be instantiated in this table when the value of this object is 'active'. If the value of the corresponding instance of tllFLockInitiatorType is 'snmp', the initial value of this object when the row is first created is 'settingUp'. As and when the setup succeeds, the value transitions to 'active'. If the setup fails, the value transitions to either 'rejectFailure' or 'otherFailure'. Note that such a failure value is overwritten on the next attempt to obtain the lock, which could be immediately after the failure, e.g., by a GS-5 client. When the value of this object is 'rejectFailure', the rejection's reason codes are given by the corresponding values of t11FLockRejectReasonCode, t11FLockRejectReasonCodeExp and t11FLockRejectReasonVendorCode." ::= { t11FLockEntry 7 } t11FLockRejectReasonCode OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11NsGs4RejectReasonCode MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "When the value of the corresponding instance of tllFLockStatus is 'rejectFailure', this object contains the rejection's reason code." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5), ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 4.4.4 and table 10." ::= { t11FLockEntry 8 } t11FLockRejectReasonCodeExp OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAXOCTET STRING (SIZE(0 | 1))MAX-ACCESSread-onlySTATUScurrent

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```
DESCRIPTION
           "When the value of the corresponding instance of
           tllFLockStatus is 'rejectFailure', this object contains
           the rejection's reason code explanation."
    REFERENCE
           "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5),
           ANSI INCITS 427-2007, sections 4.4.4 and 6.4.9,
           tables 10 and 252."
    ::= { t11FLockEntry 9 }
t11FLockRejectReasonVendorCode OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(0 | 1))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "When the value of the corresponding instance of
           tllFLockStatus is 'rejectFailure', this object contains
           the rejection's vendor-specific code."
    REFERENCE
           "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5),
           ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 4.4.4."
    ::= { t11FLockEntry 10 }
t11FLockRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
                 current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The status of this conceptual row.
           A row in this table can be modified or deleted via
           this object only when the row's value of
           tllFLockInitiatorType is 'snmp'."
    ::= { t11FLockEntry 11 }
-- Conformance
t11FLockMIBCompliances
                    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { t11FLockMIBConformance 1 }
t11FLockMIBGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { t11FLockMIBConformance 2 }
t11FLockMIBCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
           "The compliance statement for entities that support
           Fabric locks in support of GS-5 Server applications."
    MODULE MANDATORY-GROUPS { t11FLockActiveGroup }
```

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```
OBJECT t11FLockRowStatus
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
           "Write access is not required."
    ::= { t11FLockMIBCompliances 1 }
-- Units of Conformance
t11FLockActiveGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS { tllFLockInitiatorType,
              tllFLockInitiator,
              tllFLockInitiatorIpAddrType,
              tllFLockInitiatorIpAddr,
              t11FLockStatus,
              t11FLockRejectReasonCode,
              t11FLockRejectReasonCodeExp,
              t11FLockRejectReasonVendorCode,
              t11FLockRowStatus
            }
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A collection of objects containing information
          about current Fabric locks."
    ::= { tllFLockMIBGroups 1 }
```

END

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7. The T11-FC-ZONE-SERVER-MIB Module T11-FC-ZONE-SERVER-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN IMPORTS MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, mib-2, Counter32, Unsigned32 FROM SNMPv2-SMI -- [RFC2578] MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP FROM SNMPv2-CONF -- [RFC2580] TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, RowStatus, StorageType, TruthValue, TimeStamp FROM SNMPv2-TC -- [RFC2579] SnmpAdminString FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB -- [RFC3411] ifIndex FROM IF-MIB -- [RFC2863] fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex, FcNameIdOrZero, FcDomainIdOrZero FROM FC-MGMT-MIB -- [RFC4044] T11NsGs4RejectReasonCode FROM T11-FC-NAME-SERVER-MIB-- [RFC4438]T11FabricIndexFROM T11-TC-MIB-- [RFC4439] t11FamLocalSwitchWwn FROM T11-FC-FABRIC-ADDR-MGR-MIB; -- [RFC4439] t11ZoneServerMIB MODULE-IDENTITY LAST-UPDATED "200706270000Z" ORGANIZATION "For the initial versions, T11. For later versions, the IETF's IMSS Working Group." CONTACT-INFO Claudio DeSanti Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134 USA EMail: cds@cisco.com Keith McCloghrie Cisco Systems, Inc. 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134 USA EMail: kzm@cisco.com" DESCRIPTION "The MIB module for the management of Fibre Channel Zoning Servers, both for Basic Zoning Management and for Enhanced

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Zoning Management, as defined in the FC-GS-5 specification.

FC-GS-5 defines (in-band) management operations for manipulating the Zone Set Database, some for use in Basic mode (e.g., 'Add Zone Set (AZS)', etc.), and some for use in Enhanced mode (e.g., Create Zone Set (CZS)', etc.). When Enhanced Zoning Management is in use, FC-GS-5 requires that these in-band management operations be rejected unless they are issued within the context of a GS-5 server session. The use of a server session ensures serialized access to the Zoning Database since the Fabric lock for the Zone Server must be obtained as a part of establishing the server session to the Zone Server.

Thus, if and when this MIB is used for Enhanced Zoning Management, SNMP SetRequests that request the modification of zoning definitions must be serialized with respect to the GS-5 requests to modify the Zoning Database. This is achieved by requiring that an SNMP management application must first obtain the Fabric lock for the Zone Server before attempting to modify any zoning definitions. The companion T11-FC-FABRIC-LOCK-MIB module is defined as a means of obtaining the Fabric lock for the Zone Server (or any other server).

In Enhanced Zoning Management, a Zone Server keeps track of changes requested in the zoning definitions, but does not update its Zone Set Database unless there is (and until there is) a 'commit' operation. To model this behavior, this MIB module assumes that a Zone Server (in Enhanced mode) takes a snapshot of its Zone Set Database as and when the Fabric lock (for the Zone Server application) is obtained; this snapshot is used to create what is herein called the 'copy' database. It is this 'copy' database that is then updated by SNMP SetRequests (while the Fabric is locked). If and when a 'commit' operation is requested (while the Fabric is still locked), the 'copy' database is then used to overwrite the previously committed contents of the Zone Set Database, and the new Zone Set Database is distributed to all other switches in the Fabric. When the lock is released, any changes made that were not 'committed' are discarded.

When this MIB is used for Basic Zoning Management, the same set of MIB objects as used for Enhanced mode are used to make changes to the Database of a Zone Server on a particular switch, but the changes take immediate effect at that switch without an explicit commit. The distribution of

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those changes to Zone Servers on other switches in the Fabric is subsequently requested through the use of a separate set of MIB objects.

The management information specified in this MIB module includes the Zoning Database for each of one or more Fibre Channel Fabrics. A Zoning Database is a combination of the Fabric's Zone Set Database and its Active Zone Set. The Active Zone Set is the Zone Set currently enforced by the Fabric; a Zone Set Database is a database of the Zone Sets available to be activated within a Fabric. All the MIB objects representing a Zone Set Database are modifiable at any time (irrespective of the value of any RowStatus object), whereas all objects representing the Active Zone Set are always read-only (except to deactivate it and/or activate a different one).

Copyright (C) The IETF Trust (2007). This version of this MIB module is part of RFC 4936; see the RFC itself for full legal notices." REVISION "200706270000Z" DESCRIPTION "Initial version of this MIB module, published as RFC 4936." ::= { mib-2 160 }

```
t11ZsMIBObjectsOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { t11ZoneServerMIB 1 }t11ZsMIBConformanceOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { t11ZoneServerMIB 2 }t11ZsMIBNotificationsOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { t11ZoneServerMIB 0 }t11ZsConfigurationOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { t11ZsMIBObjects 1 }t11ZsStatisticsOBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { t11ZsMIBObjects 2 }
```

-- Textual Conventions

ш

T11ZsZoneMemberType ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION DISPLAY-HINT "x" STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Represents the addressing mechanism by which a member is identified:

> 01 - N\_Port\_Name 02 - Domain\_ID and physical port 03 - N\_Port\_ID 04 - Node\_Name 05 - Alias Name 06 - F\_Port\_Name E0-FF (hex) - Vendor Specific.

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```
REFERENCE
           "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5),
          ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.8.3.6."
    SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0..255)
T11ZsRejectReasonExplanation ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
                current
    STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
           "The reason code explanation when rejecting a
           Zone Server request:
              'other'
                  - e.g., a reason code assigned too recently
                   to be included in this version of this MIB
              'noAdditionalExplanation'
                  - there is no additional explanation
              'zonesNotSupported'
                  - Zones are not supported
              'zoneSetNameUnknown'
                  - Zone Set name is not known
              'noZoneSetActive'
                  - no Zone Set is currently active
              'zoneNameUnknown'
                 - Zone name is unknown
              'zoneStateUnknown'
                  - state of the Zone is not known
              'incorrectPayloadLen'
                  - payload length is not correct
              'tooLargeZoneSet'
                  - Zone Set is larger than permitted size
              'deactivateZoneSetFailed'
                 - deactivation of Zone Set failed
              'reqNotSupported'
                 - request is not supported
              'capabilityNotSupported'
                 - capability is not supported
              'zoneMemberIDTypeNotSupp'
                  - Zone Member Identifier Type is not supported
              'invalidZoneSetDefinition'
                  - Zone Set definition is invalid
              'enhancedZoningCmdsNotSupported'
                  - Enhanced Zoning commands are not supported
              'zoneSetExists'
                  - Zone Set already exists
              'zoneExists'
                  - Zone already exists
              'aliasExists'
                  - Zone Alias already exists
```

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'zoneSetUnknown' - Zone Set unknown 'zoneUnknown' - Zone unknown 'aliasUnknown' - Zone Alias unknown 'zoneAliasTypeUnknown' - unknown Zone attribute type 'unableEnhancedMode' - Fabric unable to work in Enhanced Mode 'basicZoningCmdsNotSupported' - Basic Zoning commands are not supported 'zoneAttribObjectExists' - Zone attribute object already exists 'zoneAttribObjectUnknown' - Zone attribute object unknown 'requestInProcess' - request in process 'cmitInProcess' - CMIT in process 'hardEnforcementFailed' - hard enforcement failed 'unresolvedReferences' - unresolved references in the Zone Set Database 'consistencyChecksFailed' - consistency checks failed." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5), ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.9." INTEGER { SYNTAX other(1), noAdditionalExplanation(2), zonesNotSupported(3), zoneSetNameUnknown(4), noZoneSetActive(5), zoneNameUnknown(6), zoneStateUnknown(7), incorrectPayloadLen(8), tooLargeZoneSet(9), deactivateZoneSetFailed(10), reqNotSupported(11), capabilityNotSupported(12), zoneMemberIDTypeNotSupp(13), invalidZoneSetDefinition(14), enhancedZoningCmdsNotSupported(15), zoneSetExists(16), zoneExists(17), aliasExists(18),

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```
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```

```
zoneSetUnknown(19),
                      zoneUnknown(20),
                      aliasUnknown(21),
                      zoneAliasTypeUnknown(22),
                      unableEnhancedMode(23),
                     basicZoningCmdsNotSupported(24),
                      zoneAttribObjectExists(25),
                      zoneAttribObjectUnknown(26),
                      requestInProcess(27),
                      cmitInProcess(28),
                     hardEnforcementFailed(29),
                      unresolvedReferences(30),
                      consistencyChecksFailed(31)
                  }
T11ZoningName ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
                 current
    STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
          "This datatype is a refinement of an SnmpAdminString,
          and is used to represent a name stored in a Fibre
          Channel Zoning Data Structure.
          The value begins with an ASCII letter (upper or lower
          case) followed by zero or more characters from the set:
           lower case letters, upper case letters, numbers, and
           the symbols (\$-^{-}).
          The value does not include fill bytes."
   REFERENCE
          "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5),
          ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.8.1."
    SYNTAX
            OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..64))
-- The table of Zone Servers
_ _
t11ZsServerTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsServerEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
          "A table containing information about the Zone Servers
          on each Fabric in one or more switches, and providing
          the capability to perform operations on their Zone
          Server databases."
    ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 1 }
```

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```
t11ZsServerEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX T11ZsServerEntry
                  not-accessible
    MAX-ACCESS
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "Each entry contains information specific to a
             Zone Server for a particular Fabric (identified by
             the value of t11ZsServerFabricIndex) on a particular
             switch (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex
             and fcmSwitchIndex).
             The persistence across reboots of writable values in
             a row of this table is given by the instance of
             t11ZsServerDatabaseStorageType in that row."
            { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex,
    INDEX
                t11ZsServerFabricIndex }
    ::= { t11ZsServerTable 1 }
T11ZsServerEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    t11ZsServerFabricIndex
                                           TllFabricIndex,
    t11ZsServerCapabilityObject BITS,
    t11ZsServerDatabaseStorageType StorageType,
    t11ZsServerDistribute
                                          INTEGER,
    t11ZsServerCommit
                                          INTEGER,
                                          INTEGER,
    t11ZsServerResult
    t112sServerResultINTEGER,t112sServerReasonCodeT11NsGs4RejectReasonCode,t112sServerReasonCodeExpOCTET STRING,t112sServerReasonVendorCodeOCTET STRING,t112sServerLastChangeTimeStamp,t112sServerHardZoningTruthValue,t112sServerReadFromDatabaseINTEGER,t112sServerOperationModeINTEGER,
    tllZsServerOperationMode INTEGER,
tllZsServerChangeModeResult INTEGER,
tllZsServerDefaultZoneSetting INTEGER,
    t11ZsServerMergeControlSetting INTEGER,
    t11ZsServerDefZoneBroadcast
                                           TruthValue
}
t11ZsServerFabricIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX T11FabricIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION
             "A unique index value that uniquely identifies a
             particular Fabric."
    ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 1 }
t11ZsServerCapabilityObject OBJECT-TYPE
```

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BITS { SYNTAX enhancedMode(0), zoneSetDb(1), activateDirect(2), hardZoning(3) } MAX-ACCESS read-only current STATUS DESCRIPTION "This bitmap represents the capability of the switch on this Fabric: 'enhancedMode' - able to support enhanced Zoning mode of operation. 'zoneSetDb' - able to support maintaining of a Zone Set Database. 'activateDirect' - able to support the Activate Direct command. 'hardZoning' - able to support Hard Zoning." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Switch Fabric-4 (FC-SW-4), ANSI INCITS 418-2006, April 2006, section 6.1.23.4.4" ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 2 } t11ZsServerDatabaseStorageType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX StorageType MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object specifies the memory realization, on a particular switch, of the Zone Set database for a particular Fabric. Specifically, each row in the following tables: t11ZsSetTable t11ZsZoneTable t11ZsSetZoneTable t11ZsAliasTable t11ZsZoneMemberTable t11ZsAttribBlockTable t11ZsAttribTable has a StorageType as specified by the instance of this object that is INDEXed by the same values of fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex, and

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```
t11ZsServerFabricIndex.
          The value of this object is also used to indicate
          the persistence across reboots of writable values in
          its row of the tllZsServerTable, as well as the
          corresponding row in the t11ZsNotifyControlTable.
          If an instance of this object has the value
          'permanent(4)', the Zone Set database for the given
          Fabric on the given switch is not required to be
          writeable."
   DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
   ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 3 }
t11ZsServerDistribute OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                   noop(1),
                    zoneSetDb(2)
                }
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This object can be set only in Basic mode. When set
          to the value 'zoneSetDb', it requests that the Zone Set
          database of a particular switch for a particular Fabric
          be distributed to every other switch in that Fabric,
          e.g., by using Stage Fabric Configuration Update (SFC)
          and Update Fabric Configuration (UFC) requests.
          Setting this object to 'noop' has no effect.
          When read, the value of this object is always 'noop'.
          When the corresponding instance of t11ZsServerOperationMode
          has the value 'enhanced', or when the corresponding instance
          of t11ZsZoneSetResult has the value 'inProgress', it
          is inconsistent to try to set the value of this object."
   REFERENCE
          "Fibre Channel - Switch Fabric-4 (FC-SW-4),
          ANSI INCITS 418-2006, April 2006, section 6.1.19.1."
    ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 4 }
t11ZsServerCommit OBJECT-TYPE
                INTEGER {
   SYNTAX
                     commitZoneChanges(1),
                     noop(2)
                 }
   MAX-ACCESS
                read-write
   STATUS current
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                                                              [Page 32]
```

DESCRIPTION

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"This object is only used in Enhanced mode. In Enhanced mode, it can only be modified when the Fabric lock for the Zone Server on the particular Fabric has been obtained for use by SNMP SetRequests, and even then, only by the SNMP entity identified by the value of corresponding instance of tllFLockInitiator. Setting the object requests an action: commitZoneChanges - requests that the changes made within this session to the Zone Set Database be committed. - requests nothing. noop When read, the value is always 'noop'." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5), ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.10.2." ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 5 } t11ZsServerResult OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { none(1), inProgress(2), success(3), rejectFailure(4), otherFailure(5) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "In Basic mode, this object indicates the status/result of the last distribution of the Zone Set database that was invoked via the corresponding instance of t11ZsZoneSetDistribute, e.g., the status/result of Stage Fabric Configuration Update (SFC) request(s) used to implement the setting of t11ZsZoneSetDistribute. In Enhanced mode, this object indicates the status/result of the last commit of changes to the Zone Set database that was invoked via the corresponding instance of t11ZsServerCommit. 'none' - no distribution/commit invoked via the corresponding instance of t11ZsZoneSetDistribute (Basic mode) DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 33]

or tllZsServerCommit (Enhanced mode). 'inProgress' - distribution/commit is still in progress. 'success' - distribution/commit completed successfully. 'rejectFailure' - distribution/commit failed due to an SW\_RJT. 'otherFailure' - distribution/commit failed for some other reason. When the value is 'rejectFailure', the corresponding instances of t11ZsServerReasonCode, t11ZsServerReasonCodeExp and t11ZsServerReasonVendorCode contain the reason codes. " REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5), ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.10.2.3." ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 6 } t11ZsServerReasonCode OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11NsGs4RejectReasonCode MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "When the corresponding instance of tllZsZoneSetResult has the value 'rejectFailure', this object contains the rejection's reason code. When the corresponding instance of tllZsServerResult has a value other than 'rejectFailure', this object should contain the value 'none'." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Switch Fabric-4 (FC-SW-4), ANSI INCITS 418-2006, April 2006, section 6.1.3 and tables 4, 5, and 6." ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 7 } t11ZsServerReasonCodeExp OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (0 | 1)) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "When the corresponding instance of t11ZsZoneSetResult has the value 'rejectFailure', this object contains the rejection's reason code explanation. When the corresponding instance of t11ZsServerResult has a value other than 'rejectFailure', this object DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 34] RFC 4936

should contain the zero-length string." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Switch Fabric-4 (FC-SW-4), ANSI INCITS 418-2006, April 2006, section 6.1.3 and tables 4, 5, and 6." ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 8 } t11ZsServerReasonVendorCode OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (0 | 1)) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "When the corresponding instance of t11ZsZoneSetResult has the value 'rejectFailure', this object contains the rejection's reason vendor-specific code. When the corresponding instance of tllZsServerResult has a value other than 'rejectFailure', this object should contain the zero-length string." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Switch Fabric-4 (FC-SW-4), ANSI INCITS 418-2006, April 2006, section 6.1.3 and tables 4, 5, and 6." ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 9 } t11ZsServerLastChange OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TimeStamp MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of sysUpTime at the time of the last change (creation, modification, or deletion) to the Zone Set database for the Zone Server for a particular Fabric. If said Zone Set database has not changed since the last re-initialization of the local network management system, then this object will contain a zero value." ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 10 } t11ZsServerHardZoning OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-only current STATUS DESCRIPTION "This object indicates whether this switch, if and when it is in Basic mode, enforces Hard Zoning on this Fabric." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5), ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.10.3.2."

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::= { t11ZsServerEntry 11 } t11ZsServerReadFromDatabase OBJECT-TYPE INTEGER { SYNTAX committedDB(1), copyDB(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "In Enhanced mode, this object specifies whether subsequent SNMP Responses (generated by the local SNMP agent) to operations that read the configuration of Zone Sets, Zones, Members, Aliases and Attributes will reflect the values stored in the current (committed) Zone Set database, or those stored in the 'copy' database. In Basic mode, the value of this object is always 'committedDB' (since there is no 'copy' database in Basic mode). In SNMP agents that don't support write access to the Zone Set database, this object is always 'committedDB' (since the copy database, if it were to exist, would be identical)." DEFVAL { committedDB } ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 12 } t11ZsServerOperationMode OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { basic(1), enhanced(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The operational mode of the Zone Server. Setting this object to 'enhanced' is a request that the mode of operation of the Zone Server be Enhanced mode, which is only possible if all devices in the Fibre Channel Fabric are capable of working in Enhanced mode. If not, the request will fail and the corresponding value of t11ZsServerChangeModeResult will so indicate. Setting this object to 'basic' is a request that the mode of operation of the Zone Server be Basic mode. However, such a set may fail while operating in Enhanced mode, since FC-GS-5 makes no provision for changing (back) DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 36]
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to Basic mode. Note that setting this object does not cause or require that the Fabric lock for the Zone Server be obtained. However, when this object has the value 'enhanced', any SNMP SetRequests that attempt to modify the copy database cannot be successful if the Fabric lock has not been obtained or has since been released." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5), ANSI INCITS 427-2007, sections 6.4.10.1.1 and 6.4.10.1.2." DEFVAL { basic } ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 13 } t11ZsServerChangeModeResult OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { success(1), failure(2), inProgress(3), none(4) } MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "When this object has the value of 'success' or 'failure', the value indicates the outcome of the most recent request, invoked via t11ZsServerOperationMode, to change the mode of operation of the Zone Server. When such a request is in progress, this object has the value 'inProgress'. Prior to the first such request, the value of this object is 'none'." ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 14 } t11ZsServerDefaultZoneSetting OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { permit(1), deny(2) } MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object controls the Enhanced Zoning flag that governs the behavior of the Default Zone on this Fabric. If this object is set to 'permit', then the members of the Default Zone on this Fabric can communicate with each other. DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 37]

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If this object is set to 'deny', then the members of the
          Default Zone on this Fabric cannot communicate with each
           other."
    REFERENCE
           "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5),
          ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.10.1.1."
    DEFVAL { deny }
    ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 15 }
t11ZsServerMergeControlSetting OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                 INTEGER {
                     allow(1),
                     restrict(2)
                 }
    MAX-ACCESS
                 read-write
    STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This object controls the Enhanced Zoning flag that
           indicates the Merge Control Setting for this Fabric:
               'allow'
                         - a switch may join the Fabric only if
                           its Zoning Database is able to merge
                           with the Fabric's Zoning Database.
               'restrict' - a switch may join the Fabric only if
                           its Zoning Database is equal to the
                           Fabric's Zoning Database."
    REFERENCE
           "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5),
          ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.10.1.1."
    DEFVAL { allow }
    ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 16 }
t11ZsServerDefZoneBroadcast OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This object controls an Enhanced Zoning capability:
           it indicates whether Broadcast Zoning is enabled on
           the Default Zone on this Fabric. If this object is
           set to 'true', then it is enabled. If this object is
          set to 'false', then it is disabled.
           If broadcast Zoning is enabled on a Default Zone,
           then broadcast frames generated by a member in that
          Default Zone will be restricted to members in that
          Default Zone."
   REFERENCE
```

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"Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5),
          ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.7.2.2."
    ::= { t11ZsServerEntry 17 }
-- The table of Zone Sets
t11ZsSetTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsSetEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "A table containing information on every Zone
          Set in the Zone Set database of the Zone Servers
          on each Fabric in one or more switches.
          In Enhanced mode, changes to a database made via this
          table are always made to the 'copy' database, but
          values read from this table reflect the contents of
          either the 'copy' database or the current (committed)
          database as indicated by the corresponding value of
          t11ZsServerReadFromDatabase."
    ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 2 }
t11ZsSetEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX T11ZsSetEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "Each entry contains information about a Zone Set
          in the Zone Set database of a particular Fabric
          (identified by the value of t11ZsServerFabricIndex)
          on a particular switch (identified by values of
          fcmInstanceIndex and fcmSwitchIndex).
          A Zone Set can be created in an existing Zone Set
          database, and can contain zero or more existing
          Zones. As and when new Zones are created
          (as rows in the tllZsZoneTable), they can be added
          to a Zone Set by creating an entry for each in the
          t11ZsSetZoneTable. Deleting a row from this table
          deletes the Zone Set from the Zone Set database
          maintained by the Zone Server, but does not otherwise
          affect the Zone Server.
          The StorageType of a row in this table is specified by
          the instance of t11ZsServerDatabaseStorageType that is
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```
INDEXed by the same values of fcmInstanceIndex,
          fcmSwitchIndex, and tllZsServerFabricIndex."
    INDEX { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex,
             t11ZsServerFabricIndex, t11ZsSetIndex }
    ::= { t11ZsSetTable 1 }
T11ZsSetEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   t11ZsSetIndex Unsigned32,
t11ZsSetName T11ZoningNa
                        T11ZoningName,
   t11ZsSetRowStatus RowStatus
}
t11ZsSetIndex OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The index of a Zone Set. This object uniquely
          identifies a Zone Set in the Zone Set database
          for a particular Fabric on a particular switch."
    ::= { t11ZsSetEntry 1 }
t11ZsSetName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX T11ZoningName
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The name of this Zone Set. The tllZsSetName should
          be unique within a Fabric.
          The Zone Set can be renamed at any time (i.e., even
          when the row in an active state) by setting this object
          to a new value."
    ::= { t11ZsSetEntry 2 }
t11ZsSetRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The status of this conceptual row.
          This object cannot be set to 'active' unless the
          corresponding value of t11ZsSetName is unique within
          the Fabric's Zone Server database on this switch."
    ::= { t11ZsSetEntry 3 }
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```

-- The table of Zones t11ZsZoneTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsZoneEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This table gives information on all the Zones in the Zone Set database of the Zone Servers on each Fabric in one or more switches. In Enhanced mode, changes to a database made via this table are always made to the 'copy' database, but values read from this table reflect the contents of either the 'copy' database or the current (committed) database as indicated by the corresponding value of t11ZsServerReadFromDatabase." ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 3 } t11ZsZoneEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11ZsZoneEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Each entry contains information about a Zone in the Zone Set database of a particular Fabric (identified by the value of t11ZsServerFabricIndex) on a particular switch (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and fcmSwitchIndex). A Zone can be created in an existing Zone Set database, by first creating an entry in this table, and then adding members to it by creating entries in the t11ZsZoneMemberTable. The StorageType of a row in this table is specified by the instance of tllZsServerDatabaseStorageType that is INDEXed by the same values of fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex, and t11ZsServerFabricIndex." INDEX { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex, t11ZsServerFabricIndex, t11ZsZoneIndex } ::= { t11ZsZoneTable 1 } T11ZsZoneEntry ::= SEQUENCE { t11ZsZoneIndex Unsigned32, t11ZsZoneName T11ZoningName,

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```
t11ZsZoneAttribBlock Unsigned32,
t11ZsZoneRowStatus RowStatus
}
t11ZsZoneIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "An index value that uniquely identifies this
          Zone within a particular Fabric's Zone Set database
          on a particular switch."
    ::= { t11ZsZoneEntry 1 }
t11ZsZoneName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX T11ZoningName
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The name of this Zone. The t11ZsZoneName should be
          unique within a Fabric.
          The Zone can be renamed by setting this object
          to a new value."
    ::= { t11ZsZoneEntry 2 }
t11ZsZoneAttribBlock OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This object specifies the index value of the
          Zone Attribute Block that contains the Attributes
          of this Zone.
          In Enhanced mode, a value of zero indicates this
          Zone has no Zone Attributes. In Basic mode, this
          object always has the value of zero."
    ::= { t11ZsZoneEntry 3 }
t11ZsZoneRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The status of this conceptual row.
          This object cannot be set to 'active' unless the
```

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corresponding value of t11ZsZoneName is unique within the Fabric's Zone Server database on this switch." ::= { t11ZsZoneEntry 4 } -- The table specifying the Zones that belong to each Zone Set t11ZsSetZoneTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsSetZoneEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible current STATUS DESCRIPTION "This table specifies which Zones belong to which Zone Sets in the Zone Set database of the Zone Servers on each Fabric in one or more switches." ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 4 } t11ZsSetZoneEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11ZsSetZoneEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Each entry specifies that a particular Zone (identified by the value of tllZsZoneIndex) is one of the Zones that form a particular Zone Set (identified by the value of t11ZsSetIndex) in the Zone Set database of a particular Fabric (identified by the value of tllZsServerFabricIndex) on a particular switch (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and fcmSwitchIndex). When a row in this table exists, it references one row in the tllZsSetTable and one row in the tllZsZoneTable. The agent must ensure that both such rows when referenced by an active row in this table, do exist and have a status of 'active', either by refusing to create new rows in this table, or by automatically deleting rows in this table. An 'active' row in this table references one row in the tllZsSetTable and one in the tllZsZoneTable. The agent must ensure that all such referenced rows exist with a status of 'active', either by refusing to create new active rows in this table, or by automatically deleting any rows in this table that reference a deleted row. The StorageType of a row in this table is specified by the instance of t11ZsServerDatabaseStorageType that is

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```
INDEXed by the same values of fcmInstanceIndex,
          fcmSwitchIndex, and tllZsServerFabricIndex."
          { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex,
    INDEX
             t11ZsServerFabricIndex,
             t11ZsSetIndex, t11ZsZoneIndex }
    ::= { t11ZsSetZoneTable 1 }
T11ZsSetZoneEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   t11ZsSetZoneRowStatus RowStatus
}
t11ZsSetZoneRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
         "The status of this conceptual row."
    ::= { t11ZsSetZoneEntry 1 }
_ _
-- The table of Zone Aliases
t11ZsAliasTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsAliasEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This table contains information about the Zone Aliases
          in the Zone Set database of the Zone Servers on each
          Fabric in one or more switches.
          In Enhanced mode, changes to a database made via this
          table are always made to the 'copy' database, but
          values read from this table reflect the contents of
          either the 'copy' database or the current (committed)
          database as indicated by the corresponding value of
          t11ZsServerReadFromDatabase."
    ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 5 }
t11ZsAliasEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX T11ZsAliasEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "Each entry contains information about a Zone Alias in
          the Zone Set database of a particular Fabric
          (identified by the value of t11ZsServerFabricIndex) on
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```
a particular switch (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and fcmSwitchIndex).
```

```
A Zone Member is added to a Zone Alias by creating
an entry in the tllZsZoneMemberTable pointing to a
row of this table via tllZsAliasIndex, i.e.,:
```

```
- t11ZsZoneMemberParentType = 'alias',
           - tllZsZoneMemberParentIndex = Alias's tllZsAliasIndex,
           - t11ZsZoneMemberFormat != '05 - Alias Name', and
           - tllZsZoneMemberID = Member's identifier.
          A Zone Alias is added to a Zone by creating
          an entry in the t11ZsZoneMemberTable pointing to a
          row of this table via tllZsAliasName, i.e.,:
           - t11ZsZoneMemberParentType = 'zone', and
           - t11ZsZoneMemberParentIndex = Zone's t11ZsZoneIndex,
           - t11ZsZoneMemberFormat = '05 - Alias Name',
           - t11ZsZoneMemberID = Alias's t11ZsAliasName.
          The StorageType of a row in this table is specified by
           the instance of t11ZsServerDatabaseStorageType that is
           INDEXed by the same values of fcmInstanceIndex,
           fcmSwitchIndex, and tllZsServerFabricIndex."
          { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex,
    INDEX
             t11ZsServerFabricIndex, t11ZsAliasIndex }
    ::= { t11ZsAliasTable 1 }
T11ZsAliasEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   t11ZsAliasIndex Unsigned32,
t11ZsAliasName T11ZoningNa
   tllZsAliasName
                             T11ZoningName,
   t11ZsAliasRowStatus RowStatus
}
t11ZsAliasIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
          "An index value which uniquely identifies this Zone
          Alias within the Zone Set database of a particular
          Fabric on a particular switch."
    ::= { t11ZsAliasEntry 1 }
t11ZsAliasName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               T11ZoningName
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
```

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```
STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The name of this Zone Alias. The name of the Zone
          Alias should be unique within a Fabric.
          The Zone Alias can be renamed by setting this object
          to a new value if and when it is not in a Zone, i.e.,
          if and only if the current name is not the value of
          any t11ZsZoneMemberID in the same Zone Set database."
    ::= { t11ZsAliasEntry 2 }
t11ZsAliasRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The status of this conceptual row.
          This object cannot be set to 'active' unless the
          corresponding value of tllZsAliasName is unique within
          the Fabric's Zone Server database on this switch."
    ::= { t11ZsAliasEntry 3 }
-- The table of Zone Members
t11ZsZoneMemberTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsZoneMemberEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This table contains all members of a Zone/Zone Alias
          and information about those members in the Zone Set
          database of the Zone Servers on each Fabric in one or
          more switches.
          In Enhanced mode, changes to a database made via this
          table are always made to the 'copy' database, but
          values read from this table reflect the contents of
          either the 'copy' database or the current (committed)
          database as indicated by the corresponding value of
          t11ZsServerReadFromDatabase."
    ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 6 }
t11ZsZoneMemberEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               T11ZsZoneMemberEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
```

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```
STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry represents the relationship between a
           member and (one of) its 'parent(s)', i.e., a Zone
           or Zone Alias to which the member belongs, within
           a particular Fabric (identified by the value of
           t11ZsServerFabricIndex) on a particular switch
           (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and
           fcmSwitchIndex).
           A Zone member (other than an alias) is added to a
           Zone by creating an entry in this table having:
            - t11ZsZoneMemberParentType = 'zone', and
            - t11ZsZoneMemberParentIndex = Zone's t11ZsZoneIndex,
            - t11ZsZoneMemberFormat != '05 - Alias Name',
            - tllZsZoneMemberID = Member's identifier.
           An 'active' row in this table references rows in other
           tables. The agent must ensure that all such referenced
           rows exist with a status of 'active', either by refusing to
           create new active rows in this table, or by automatically
           deleting any rows in this table that reference a deleted
           row.
           The StorageType of a row in this table is specified by
           the instance of tllZsServerDatabaseStorageType that is
           INDEXed by the same values of fcmInstanceIndex,
           fcmSwitchIndex, and tllZsServerFabricIndex."
           { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex,
    INDEX
              t11ZsServerFabricIndex, t11ZsZoneMemberParentType,
              t11ZsZoneMemberParentIndex, t11ZsZoneMemberIndex }
    ::= { t11ZsZoneMemberTable 1 }
T11ZsZoneMemberEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   tllZsZoneMemberParentTypeINTEGER,tllZsZoneMemberParentIndexUnsigned32,tllZsZoneMemberIndexUnsigned32,tllZsZoneMemberFormatTllZsZoneMemberType,tllZsZoneMemberIndexOCTET_STRING
    t11ZsZoneMemberID
                                      OCTET STRING,
    t11ZsZoneMemberRowStatus
                                     RowStatus
}
t11ZsZoneMemberParentType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                  INTEGER {
                      zone(1), -- member belongs to a Zone
                      alias(2) -- member belongs to a Zone Alias
                  }
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```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This object determines whether this member belongs
          to a Zone or Zone Alias."
    ::= { t11ZsZoneMemberEntry 1 }
t11ZsZoneMemberParentIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This object contains the index value of the Zone or
          Zone Alias to which this member belongs.
          If the value of the corresponding instance of
          tllZsZoneMemberParentType is 'zone', then this object
          will contain the value of the t11ZsZoneIndex object of
          the Zone to which this member belongs.
          If the value of the corresponding instance of
          t11ZsZoneMemberParentType is 'alias', then this object
          will contain the value of the t11ZsAliasIndex object
          of the Zone Alias to which this member belongs."
    ::= { t11ZsZoneMemberEntry 2 }
t11ZsZoneMemberIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "An index value that uniquely identifies this Zone
          Member amongst all Zone Members in the Zone Set
          database of a particular Fabric on a particular switch."
    ::= { t11ZsZoneMemberEntry 3 }
t11ZsZoneMemberFormat OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX T11ZsZoneMemberType
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This object identifies the format of the
          Zone/Zone Alias member's identifier contained in
          t11ZsZoneMemberID.
          This object cannot be modified while the corresponding
          value of t11ZsZoneMemberRowStatus object is 'active'."
    ::= { t11ZsZoneMemberEntry 4 }
```

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t11ZsZoneMemberID OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..255)) MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object contains the Member Identifier of the Zone or Alias. The interpretation of this object depends on the value of the corresponding instance of t11ZsZoneMemberFormat: - if tllZsZoneMemberFormat is 'N\_Port\_Name', then this object contains an N\_Port\_Name. - if tllZsZoneMemberFormat is 'Domain\_ID and physical port', then this object contains a 4-octet value in network byte order. The first octet is zero, the second octet contains the Domain\_ID, and the last 2 octets contain the physical port number. - if tllZsZoneMemberFormat is 'N\_Port\_ID', then this object contains the 3-octet Nx\_Port FC\_ID. - if t11ZsZoneMemberFormat is 'Alias Name', then this object contains the value of tllZsAliasName for some Alias in the same Zone Set database. - if t11ZsZoneMemberFormat is 'Node\_Name', then this object contains an 8-octet Node\_Name. - if tllZsZoneMemberFormat is 'F\_Port\_Name', then this object contains an 8-octet F\_Port\_Name. - if t11ZsZoneMemberFormat is one of the 'Vendor Specific' values, then this object contains a value of 1 to 255 octets in a format defined by the relevant vendor. This object cannot be modified while the corresponding value of t11ZsZoneMemberRowStatus object is 'active'." ::= { t11ZsZoneMemberEntry 5 } t11ZsZoneMemberRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX RowStatus MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The status of this conceptual row.

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The corresponding instances of t11ZsZoneMemberID and
          t11ZsZoneMemberFormat objects must be set before or
           concurrently with setting this object to 'active'."
    ::= { t11ZsZoneMemberEntry 6 }
_ _
-- The table of Zone Attribute Blocks
_ _
t11ZsAttribBlockTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsAttribBlockEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This table gives information on all the Zone
          Attributes in the Zone Set database of the Zone
          Servers on each Fabric in one or more switches.
          In Enhanced mode, changes to a database made via this
          table are always made to the 'copy' database, but
          values read from this table reflect the contents of
          either the 'copy' database or the current (committed)
          database as indicated by the corresponding value of
          t11ZsServerReadFromDatabase."
    ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 7 }
t11ZsAttribBlockEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX T11ZsAttribBlockEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "Each entry contains information about a Zone Attribute
           Block (of Zone Attributes) in the Zone Set database
          of a particular Fabric (identified by the value of
           tllZsServerFabricIndex) on a particular switch
           (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and
           fcmSwitchIndex).
          An 'active' row in this table references a row in the
           tllZsAttribBlockTable. The agent must ensure that the
          referenced rows exists with a status of 'active', either by
          refusing to create new active rows in this table, or by
          automatically deleting any rows in this table that
          reference a deleted row.
          The StorageType of a row in this table is specified by
           the instance of tllZsServerDatabaseStorageType that is
           INDEXed by the same values of fcmInstanceIndex,
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                                                              [Page 50]
```

```
fcmSwitchIndex, and t11ZsServerFabricIndex."
```

```
INDEX { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex,
              t11ZsServerFabricIndex, t11ZsAttribBlockIndex }
    ::= { t11ZsAttribBlockTable 1 }
T11ZsAttribBlockEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   t11ZsAttribBlockIndexUnsigned32,t11ZsAttribBlockNameT11ZoningName,t11ZsAttribBlockRowStatusRowStatus
}
t11ZsAttribBlockIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An index value that uniquely identifies this Zone
           Attribute within the Zone Set database of a particular
           Fabric on a particular switch."
    ::= { t11ZsAttribBlockEntry 1 }
t11ZsAttribBlockName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX T11ZoningName
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The name of this Zone Attribute Block, which should
           be unique within the Fabric."
    ::= { t11ZsAttribBlockEntry 2 }
t11ZsAttribBlockRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
         "The status of this conceptual row."
    ::= { t11ZsAttribBlockEntry 3 }
```

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-- The table of Zone Attributes t11ZsAttribTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsAttribEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This table gives information on the Zone Attributes within the Zone Attribute Blocks in the Zone Set database of the Zone Servers on each Fabric in one or more switches. In Enhanced mode, changes to a database made via this table are always made to the 'copy' database, but values read from this table reflect the contents of either the 'copy' database or the current (committed) database as indicated by the corresponding value of t11ZsServerReadFromDatabase." ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 8 } t11ZsAttribEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11ZsAttribEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Each entry contains information about a Zone Attribute in a Zone Attribute Block (identified by tllZsAttribBlockIndex) in the Zone Set database of a particular Fabric (identified by the value of t11ZsServerFabricIndex) on a particular switch (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and fcmSwitchIndex). An entry in this table cannot be created prior to its associated entry in the tllZsAttribBlockTable. The StorageType of a row in this table is specified by the instance of t11ZsServerDatabaseStorageType that is INDEXed by the same values of fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex, and tllZsServerFabricIndex." { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex, TNDEX t11ZsServerFabricIndex, t11ZsAttribBlockIndex, t11ZsAttribIndex } ::= { t11ZsAttribTable 1 } T11ZsAttribEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

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```
tllZsAttribIndexUnsigned32,tllZsAttribTypeUnsigned32,tllZsAttribValueOCTET STRING,tllZsAttribRowStatusRowStatus
}
t11ZsAttribIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "An index value that uniquely identifies this
           Zone Attribute within its Zone Attribute Block in
           the Zone Set database of a particular Fabric on a
           particular switch."
    ::= { t11ZsAttribEntry 1 }
t11ZsAttribType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..65535)
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The type of attribute:
                 0001 - Protocol
0002 - Broadcast Zone
                 0002 - Broaucast
0003 - Hard Zone
                 00E0 (hex) - Vendor Specific."
    REFERENCE
           "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5),
           ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.8.3.8, Table 249."
    ::= { t11ZsAttribEntry 2 }
t11ZsAttribValue OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (4..252))
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "The value of the attribute, formatted as specified
           in FC-GS-5 for the type given by the corresponding
           instance of tllZsAttribType.
           Note that FC-GS-5 requires that the length of this
           value is a multiple of 4 bytes."
    REFERENCE
           "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5),
           ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.8.3.8."
    ::= { t11ZsAttribEntry 3 }
```

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```
t11ZsAttribRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAXRowStatusMAX-ACCESSread-createSTATUScurrent
    DESCRIPTION
           "The status of this conceptual row."
    ::= { tllZsAttribEntry 4 }
-- Activating a Zone Set
t11ZsActivateTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsActivateEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "This table provides a mechanism to allow a Zone Set
           to be activated on a Fabric."
    ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 9 }
t11ZsActivateEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX T11ZsActivateEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry reflects the state of the activation of a
           Zone Set by a particular switch (identified by values
           of fcmInstanceIndex and fcmSwitchIndex) on a particular
           Fabric (identified by the value of
           t11ZsServerFabricIndex)."
    INDEX { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex,
              t11ZsServerFabricIndex }
    ::= { t11ZsActivateTable 1 }
T11ZsActivateEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   Line SugernertllZsActivateRequestUnsigned32,tllZsActivateDeactivateINTEGER,tllZsActivateResultINTEGER,tllZsActivateFailCauseSnmpAdminString,
   t11ZsActivateFailDomainId FcDomainIdOrZero
}
t11ZsActivateRequest OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..4294967295)
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
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                                                                   [Page 54]
```

```
"Setting this object to a value is a request for a
          Zone Set to be activated on the Fabric that is
          represented by this row. The Zone Set to be
          activated is the one for which tllZsSetIndex has
          the same value.
          If a Zone Set is already active on a Fabric when a
          request is made to activate a different one on that
          Fabric, then the existing Zone Set is automatically
          deactivated and the specified Zone Set is activated
          in its place.
          The value of this object when read is always 0."
    ::= { t11ZsActivateEntry 1 }
t11ZsActivateDeactivate OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                  deactivate(1),
                    noop(2)
                }
   MAX-ACCESS
               read-write
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
          "Setting this object to 'deactivate' is a request
          to deactivate the currently active Zone Set on
          a Fabric.
          Note that the deactivation of the active Zone Set
          allows all ports to communicate or no ports to
          communicate, depending on the current Default Zone
          behavior.
          No action is taken if this object is set to 'noop'.
          When read, the value of this object is always 'noop'."
    ::= { t11ZsActivateEntry 2 }
t11ZsActivateResult OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                   activateSuccess(1),
                    activateFailure(2),
                    deactivateSuccess(3),
                    deactivateFailure(4),
                    inProgress(5),
                    none(6)
                }
   MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
                current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
```

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"This object indicates the outcome of the most recent activation/deactivation using this entry. When the value of this object is 'inProgress', the values of the corresponding instances of t11ZsActivateRequest and t11ZsActivateDeactivate cannot be modified. The value 'none' indicates activation/deactivation has not been attempted since the last restart of the management system." ::= { t11ZsActivateEntry 3 } t11ZsActivateFailCause OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SnmpAdminString (SIZE (0..64)) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A textual message indicating the reason for the most recent failure of a Zone Set activation or deactivation, or the zero-length string if no information is available (e.g., because the corresponding instance of tllZsActivateResult has the value 'none'). When the corresponding instance of tllZsActivateResult is either 'activateFailure' or 'deactivateFailure', the value of this object indicates the reason for that failure." ::= { tllZsActivateEntry 4 } t11ZsActivateFailDomainId OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX FcDomainIdOrZero MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "If the failure cause (as indicated by t11ZsSetFailCause) was specific to a particular device, this object contains the Domain\_ID of that device. Otherwise, this object contains zero." ::= { t11ZsActivateEntry 5 }

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```
-- tllZsActiveTable
t11ZsActiveTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsActiveEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "A table containing information on the currently
          enforced/active Zone Set on each Fabric.
          An active Zone Set cannot be modified.
          This table will be empty when no Zone Set is
          activated."
   ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 10 }
t11ZsActiveEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX T11ZsActiveEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "Each entry represents an active Zone Set of a
          particular Fabric (identified by the value of
          tllZsServerFabricIndex), according to a particular
          switch (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and
          fcmSwitchIndex)."
         { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex,
   INDEX
             t11ZsServerFabricIndex }
   ::= { t11ZsActiveTable 1 }
T11ZsActiveEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   t11ZsActiveZoneSetName T11ZoningName,
   t11ZsActiveActivateTime TimeStamp
}
t11ZsActiveZoneSetName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX T11ZoningName
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
         "The name of this Zone Set on this Fabric."
   ::= { tllZsActiveEntry 1 }
t11ZsActiveActivateTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeStamp
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
```

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```
"The value of sysUpTime at which this entry was most
           recently activated. If this row was activated prior to
           the last re-initialization of the local network management
           system, then this object will contain a zero value."
    ::= { t11ZsActiveEntry 2 }
-- Zones in the Active/Enforced Zone Set
t11ZsActiveZoneTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsActiveZoneEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This table contains all the Zones that are present in
          the active Zone Sets on all Fabrics."
    ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 11 }
t11ZsActiveZoneEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX T11ZsActiveZoneEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry represents a Zone in the active Zone Set
           of a particular Fabric (identified by the value of
           t11ZsServerFabricIndex), according to a particular
          switch (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and
          fcmSwitchIndex)."
    INDEX { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex,
             tllZsServerFabricIndex, tllZsActiveZoneIndex }
    ::= { t11ZsActiveZoneTable 1 }
T11ZsActiveZoneEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   ZSActiveZoneEntry Unsigneas2,
t11ZsActiveZoneIndex Unsigneas2,
T11ZoningName,
   t11ZsActiveZoneBroadcastZoning TruthValue,
   t11ZsActiveZoneHardZoning TruthValue
}
t11ZsActiveZoneIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An index value that uniquely identifies this Zone
          within the active Zone Set on a particular Fabric."
    ::= { t11ZsActiveZoneEntry 1 }
```

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t11ZsActiveZoneName OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11ZoningName MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The name of this Zone." ::= { t11ZsActiveZoneEntry 2 } t11ZsActiveZoneBroadcastZoning OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object indicates whether broadcast Zoning is enabled on this Zone. If broadcast Zoning is enabled, then broadcast frames generated by a member in this Zone will be restricted to members in this Zone. This object is only instantiated in Enhanced mode." ::= { t11ZsActiveZoneEntry 3 } t11ZsActiveZoneHardZoning OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object indicates whether hard Zoning is enabled on this Zone. This object is only instantiated in Enhanced mode." ::= { t11ZsActiveZoneEntry 4 } -- Zone Members in the Active/Enforced Zone Set t11ZsActiveZoneMemberTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsActiveZoneMemberEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible current STATUS DESCRIPTION "This table contains all members of all Zones within the active Zone Set on any Fabric." ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 12 } t11ZsActiveZoneMemberEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11ZsActiveZoneMemberEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

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```
STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
           "Each entry represents a member of a Zone in the active
           Zone Set of a particular Fabric (identified by the value
           t11ZsServerFabricIndex), according to a particular
           switch (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and
           fcmSwitchIndex)."
    INDEX { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex,
              t11ZsServerFabricIndex,
              t11ZsActiveZoneIndex, t11ZsActiveZoneMemberIndex }
    ::= { t11ZsActiveZoneMemberTable 1 }
T11ZsActiveZoneMemberEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
   t11ZsActiveZoneMemberIndexUnsigned32,t11ZsActiveZoneMemberFormatT11ZsZoneMemberType,t11ZsActiveZoneMemberIDOCTET STRING
}
t11ZsActiveZoneMemberIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "An index value that uniquely identifies this
           member amongst the members of a particular Zone
           in the active Zone Set on a particular Fabric."
    ::= { t11ZsActiveZoneMemberEntry 1 }
t11ZsActiveZoneMemberFormat OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX T11ZsZoneMemberType
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This object identifies the identifier format of the
           corresponding instance of t11ZsActiveZoneMemberID."
    ::= { t11ZsActiveZoneMemberEntry 2 }
t11ZsActiveZoneMemberID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..255))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
           "This value of this object identifies the member
           using the format specified in the corresponding
           instance of tllZsActiveZoneMemberFormat."
    ::= { t11ZsActiveZoneMemberEntry 3 }
```

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-- Zone Attributes in the Active/Enforced Zone Set t11ZsActiveAttribTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsActiveAttribEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This table contains information about some of the Attributes of the Zones within the active Zone Set on each Fabric. This table contains all the types of attributes that might apply zero, one, or more times to a Zone. Attributes that apply once and only to a Zone are specified in the tllZsActiveZoneTable. This table will always be empty in Basic mode. It will also be empty if there are no Zones in any active Zone Set having any of the applicable types of attributes." ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 13 } t11ZsActiveAttribEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11ZsActiveAttribEntry not-accessible MAX-ACCESS STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Each entry contains an Attribute of a particular Zone in the active Zone Set of a particular Fabric (identified by the value of tllZsServerFabricIndex), according to a particular switch (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and fcmSwitchIndex)." INDEX { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex, t11ZsServerFabricIndex, t11ZsActiveZoneIndex, t11ZsActiveAttribIndex } ::= { t11ZsActiveAttribTable 1 } T11ZsActiveAttribEntry ::= SEQUENCE { tllZsActiveAttribIndex Unsigned32, tllZsActiveAttribType Unsigned32, tllZsActiveAttribValue OCTET STRING } t11ZsActiveAttribIndex OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 (1..4294967295) MAX-ACCESS not-accessible DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 61]

STATUS current DESCRIPTION "An index value that uniquely identifies this attribute amongst the other attributes for a particular Zone in the active Zone Set on a particular Fabric." ::= { t11ZsActiveAttribEntry 1 } t11ZsActiveAttribType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..65535) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The type of attribute: 0001 - Protocol 00E0 (hex) - Vendor Specific Note that type 2 (Hard) and type 3 (Broadcast) do not need to be represented here, because they are represented by t11ZsActiveZoneBroadcastZoning and t11ZsActiveZoneHardZoning." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5), ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.8.3.8, Table 249." ::= { t11ZsActiveAttribEntry 2 } t11ZsActiveAttribValue OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..252)) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The value of the attribute, formatted according to its type as indicated by the corresponding instance of tllZsActiveAttribType. As specified in FC-GS-5, the length of an attribute value is at least 4 bytes, and if necessary, the value is appended with zero bytes so that the length is a multiple of 4. For a Vendor-Specific attribute value, the first 8 bytes contain the T10 Vendor ID as described in FC-GS-5." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Generic Services-5 (FC-GS-5), ANSI INCITS 427-2007, section 6.4.8.3.8." ::= { t11ZsActiveAttribEntry 3 }

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```
-- Zone Server Statistics
t11ZsStatsTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsStatsEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A table of statistics maintained by Zone Servers."
    ::= { t11ZsStatistics 1 }
t11ZsStatsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX T11ZsStatsEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A set of statistics for a Zone Server on a
            particular Fabric (identified by the value of
            t11ZsServerFabricIndex) on a particular switch
            (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and
            fcmSwitchIndex)."
    INDEX { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex,
               t11ZsServerFabricIndex }
    ::= { t11ZsStatsTable 1 }
T11ZsStatsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    t11ZsOutMergeRequestsCounter32,t11ZsInMergeAcceptsCounter32,t11ZsInMergeRequestsCounter32,t11ZsOutMergeAcceptsCounter32,
    t11ZsOutChangeRequests Counter32,
   t11ZsInChangeAcceptsCounter32,t11ZsInChangeRequestsCounter32,t11ZsOutChangeAcceptsCounter32,t11ZsInZsRequestsCounter32,t11ZsOutZsRejectsCounter32,
}
t11ZsOutMergeRequests OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of Merge Request Frames sent by this Zone
            Server to other Zone Servers in the same Fabric.
            This counter has no discontinuities other than those
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                                                                       [Page 63]
```

```
that all Counter32s have when sysUpTime=0."
    ::= { t11ZsStatsEntry 1 }
t11ZsInMergeAccepts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The number of Merge Accept Frames received by this Zone
          Server from other Zone Servers in the same Fabric.
          This counter has no discontinuities other than those
          that all Counter32s have when sysUpTime=0."
    ::= { t11ZsStatsEntry 2 }
t11ZsInMergeRequests OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The number of Merge Request Frames received by this Zone
          Server from other Zone Servers in the same Fabric.
          This counter has no discontinuities other than those
          that all Counter32s have when sysUpTime=0."
    ::= { t11ZsStatsEntry 3 }
t11ZsOutMergeAccepts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The number of Merge Accept Frames sent by this Zone
          Server to other Zone Servers in the same Fabric.
          This counter has no discontinuities other than those
          that all Counter32s have when sysUpTime=0."
    ::= { t11ZsStatsEntry 4 }
t11ZsOutChangeRequests OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "The number of change requests sent (via the Fabric
          Management Session Protocol) by this Zone Server to
          other Zone Servers in the same Fabric.
```

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This includes Acquire Change Authorization requests, Stage Fabric Config Update requests, Update Fabric Config requests and Release Change Authorization requests. It also includes the corresponding types of requests defined by the Enhanced Commit Service. This counter has no discontinuities other than those that all Counter32s have when sysUpTime=0." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Switch Fabric-4 (FC-SW-4), ANSI INCITS 418-2006, April 2006, sections 10.6 and 13." ::= { t11ZsStatsEntry 5 } t11ZsInChangeAccepts OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only current STATUS DESCRIPTION "The number of SW\_ACC messages received from other Zone Servers in the same Fabric (according to the Fabric Management Session Protocol) in response to change requests by this Zone Server. This includes SW\_ACC messages received in response to Acquire Change Authorization requests, to Stage Fabric Config Update requests, to Update Fabric Config requests, and to Release Change Authorization requests. It also includes responses to the corresponding types of requests defined for the Enhanced Commit Service. This counter has no discontinuities other than those that all Counter32s have when sysUpTime=0." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Switch Fabric-4 (FC-SW-4), ANSI INCITS 418-2006, April 2006, sections 10.6 and 13." ::= { t11ZsStatsEntry 6 } t11ZsInChangeRequests OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only current STATUS DESCRIPTION "The number of change requests received (via the Fabric Management Session Protocol) by this Zone Server from other Zone Servers in the same Fabric. This includes Acquire Change Authorization requests, Stage Fabric Config Update requests, Update Fabric Config requests DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 65]

and Release Change Authorization requests. It also includes the corresponding types of requests defined by the Enhanced Commit Service. This counter has no discontinuities other than those that all Counter32s have when sysUpTime=0." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Switch Fabric-4 (FC-SW-4), ANSI INCITS 418-2006, April 2006, sections 10.6 and 13." ::= { t11ZsStatsEntry 7 } t11ZsOutChangeAccepts OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of SW\_ACC messages sent by this Zone Server (according to the Fabric Management Session Protocol) in response to change requests from other Zone Servers in the same Fabric. This includes SW\_ACC messages sent in response to Acquire Change Authorization requests, to Stage Fabric Config Update requests, to Update Fabric Config requests and to Release Change Authorization requests. It also includes responses to the corresponding types of requests defined for the Enhanced Commit Service. This counter has no discontinuities other than those that all Counter32s have when sysUpTime=0." REFERENCE "Fibre Channel - Switch Fabric-4 (FC-SW-4), ANSI INCITS 418-2006, April 2006, sections 10.6 and 13." ::= { t11ZsStatsEntry 8 } t11ZsInZsRequests OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of Zone Server requests received by this Zone Server on this Fabric, both those received in Basic mode and in Enhanced mode. This counter has no discontinuities other than those that all Counter32s have when sysUpTime=0." ::= { t11ZsStatsEntry 9 }

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t11ZsOutZsRejects OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Counter32 MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The number of Zone Server requests rejected by this Zone Server on this Fabric, both those rejected in Basic mode and in Enhanced mode. This counter has no discontinuities other than those that all Counter32s have when sysUpTime=0." ::= { t11ZsStatsEntry 10 } \_ \_ -- Notification Control Table t11ZsNotifyControlTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF T11ZsNotifyControlEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "A table of control information for notifications generated due to Zone Server events." ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 14 } t11ZsNotifyControlEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11ZsNotifyControlEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "Each entry contains notification control information specific to a Zone Server for a particular Fabric (identified by the value of tllZsServerFabricIndex) on a particular switch (identified by values of fcmInstanceIndex and fcmSwitchIndex). The persistence across reboots of writable values in a row of this table is specified by the instance of t11ZsServerDatabaseStorageType that is INDEXed by the same values of fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex, and tllZsServerFabricIndex." INDEX { fcmInstanceIndex, fcmSwitchIndex, t11ZsServerFabricIndex } ::= { t11ZsNotifyControlTable 1 } T11ZsNotifyControlEntry ::= SEQUENCE { t11ZsNotifyRequestRejectEnable TruthValue,

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```
tllZsNotifyMergeFailureEnableTruthValue,tllZsNotifyMergeSuccessEnableTruthValue,tllZsNotifyDefZoneChangeEnableTruthValue,tllZsNotifyActivateEnableTruthValue,tllZsRejectCtCommandStringOCTET STRING,tllZsRejectRequestSourceFcNameIdOrZero,tllZsRejectReasonCodeTllNsGs4RejectReasonCode,tllZsRejectReasonVendorCodeOCTET STRING
}
t11ZsNotifyRequestRejectEnable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
             "This object specifies whether tllZsRequestRejectNotify
             notifications should be generated by the Zone Server
             for this Fabric."
    ::= { t11ZsNotifyControlEntry 1 }
t11ZsNotifyMergeFailureEnable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
             "This object specifies whether t112sMergeFailureNotify
             notifications should be generated by the Zone Server
             for this Fabric."
    ::= { t11ZsNotifyControlEntry 2 }
t11ZsNotifyMergeSuccessEnable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
             "This object specifies whether tllZsMergeSuccessNotify
             notifications should be generated by the Zone Server
             for this Fabric."
    ::= { t11ZsNotifyControlEntry 3 }
t11ZsNotifyDefZoneChangeEnable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
                   current
    DESCRIPTION
             "This object specifies whether tllZsDefZoneChangeNotify
             notifications should be generated by the Zone Server
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                                                                           [Page 68]
```

for this Fabric." ::= { t11ZsNotifyControlEntry 4 } t11ZsNotifyActivateEnable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX TruthValue MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This object specifies whether tllZsActivateNotify notifications should be generated by the Zone Server for this Fabric." ::= { t11ZsNotifyControlEntry 5 } t11ZsRejectCtCommandString OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (0..255)) MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The binary content of the Zone Server request, formatted as an octet string (in network byte order) containing the Common Transport Information Unit (CT\_IU), as described in Table 2 of FC-GS-5 (including the preamble), which was most recently rejected by the Fabric Configuration Server for this Fabric. This object contains the zero-length string if and when the CT-IU's content is unavailable. When the length of this object is 255 octets, it contains the first 255 octets of the CT-IU (in network byte order)." ::= { t11ZsNotifyControlEntry 6 } t11ZsRejectRequestSource OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX FcNameIdOrZero MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The WWN that was the source of the CT\_IU contained in the corresponding instance of t11ZsRejectCtCommandString." ::= { t11ZsNotifyControlEntry 7 } t11ZsRejectReasonCode OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX T11NsGs4RejectReasonCode MAX-ACCESS read-only STATUS current DESCRIPTION

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```
"The reason code corresponding to the most recent
          rejection of a request by the Zone Server for
          this Fabric."
    ::= { t11ZsNotifyControlEntry 8 }
t11ZsRejectReasonCodeExp OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX T11ZsRejectReasonExplanation
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "When the value of tllZsRejectReasonCode is
          'Unable to perform command request', this
          object contains the corresponding reason code
          explanation."
    ::= { t11ZsNotifyControlEntry 9 }
t11ZsRejectReasonVendorCode
                               OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (1))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "When the value of tllZsRejectReasonCode is
          'Vendor Specific Error', this object contains
          the corresponding vendor-specific reason code."
    ::= { t11ZsNotifyControlEntry 10 }
t11ZsFabricIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..4096)
   MAX-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
          "This object contains either a value of
          TllFabricIndex to identify the Fabric on which
          some occurrence has caused a notification to be
          generated, or it has the value 4096 to indicate
          all applicable Fabrics."
    ::= { t11ZsConfiguration 15 }
```

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-- Notifications

t11ZsRequestRejectNotify NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { tllFamLocalSwitchWwn, t11ZsRejectRequestSource, t11ZsRejectCtCommandString, t11ZsRejectReasonCode, t11ZsRejectReasonCodeExp, t11ZsRejectReasonVendorCode } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This notification is generated whenever a Zone Server (indicated by the value of t11FamLocalSwitchWwn) rejects a request. The value of tllZsRejectCtCommandString indicates the rejected request, and the values of t11ZsRejectReasonCode, t11ZsRejectReasonCodeExp and t11ZsRejectReasonVendorCode indicate the reason for the rejection. The value of tllZsRequestClient indicates the source of the request." ::= { t11ZsMIBNotifications 1 } t11ZsMergeFailureNotify NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { ifIndex, t11ZsFabricIndex } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This notification indicates that a Zone merge failure has occurred on the Fabric indicated by the value of t11ZsFabricIndex, on the interface indicated by the value of ifIndex. If multiple Virtual Fabrics are configured on an interface, and all have a Zone merge failure at the same time, then just one notification is generated and tllZsFabricIndex has the value 4096." ::= { t11ZsMIBNotifications 2 } t11ZsMergeSuccessNotify NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { ifIndex, t11ZsFabricIndex } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This notification indicates that a successful Zone merge has occurred on the Fabric indicated by the value of tllZsFabricIndex, on the interface indicated by the value of ifIndex. If multiple Virtual Fabrics are configured on an interface, and all have a successful Zone Merge DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 71]

at the same time, then just one notification is generated and tllZsFabricIndex has the value 4096." ::= { t11ZsMIBNotifications 3 } t11ZsDefZoneChangeNotify NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { tllZsServerDefaultZoneSetting } STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This notification indicates that the value of a Default Zone Setting has changed. The value of t11ZsServerDefaultZoneSetting contains the value after the change." ::= { t11ZsMIBNotifications 4 } t11ZsActivateNotify NOTIFICATION-TYPE OBJECTS { tllFamLocalSwitchWwn, tllZsActivateResult } current STATUS DESCRIPTION "This notification is generated whenever a switch (indicated by the value of tllFamLocalSwitchWwn) activates/deactivates a Zone Set on a Fabric. The tllZsActivateResult object denotes the outcome of the activation/deactivation." ::= { t11ZsMIBNotifications 5 } -- Conformance t11ZsMIBCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { t11ZsMIBConformance 1 } tllZsMIBGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { tllZsMIBConformance 2 } t11ZsMIBCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE STATUS current DESCRIPTION "The compliance statement for entities that implement the Zone Server." MODULE MANDATORY-GROUPS {tllzsBasicGroup, t11ZsNotificationControlGroup, t11ZsNotificationGroup } GROUP t11ZsEnhancedModeGroup DESCRIPTION "This group is mandatory only for those systems with Zone Servers that support Enhanced Mode." GROUP t11ZsActivateGroup DESCRIPTION "Only entities that provide write access for activating a Zone Set support need to support DeSanti, et al. Standards Track [Page 72]
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this group." GROUP t11ZsStatisticsGroup DESCRIPTION "These counters, containing Zone Server statistics, are mandatory only for those systems that count such events." OBJECT tllZsSetRowStatus SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tllZsZoneRowStatus SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsSetZoneRowStatus SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECTt11ZsAliasRowStatusSYNTAXINTEGER { active(1) }MIN-ACCESSread-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsZoneMemberRowStatus SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsAttribBlockRowStatus SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1) } INTEGER { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tllZsAttribRowStatus SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1) } MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION

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"Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsServerDatabaseStorageType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsServerDistribute MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsServerCommit MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsServerReadFromDatabase MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsServerOperationMode MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT tllZsServerDefaultZoneSetting MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsServerMergeControlSetting MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsServerDefZoneBroadcast MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsSetName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsZoneName

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MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsZoneAttribBlock MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsAliasName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsZoneMemberFormat MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required." OBJECT t11ZsZoneMemberID MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

OBJECT t11ZsAttribBlockName MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

OBJECT tllZsAttribType MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

OBJECT tllZsAttribValue MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

OBJECT tllZsActivateRequest MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

OBJECT tllZsActivateDeactivate MIN-ACCESS read-only DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required."

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```
OBJECT t11ZsNotifyRequestRejectEnable
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
   OBJECT t11ZsNotifyMergeFailureEnable
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
   OBJECT
               t11ZsNotifyMergeSuccessEnable
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
         "Write access is not required."
   OBJECT
               t11ZsNotifyDefZoneChangeEnable
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
   OBJECT
               tllZsNotifyActivateEnable
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
   DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
    ::= { t11ZsMIBCompliances 1 }
-- Units of Conformance
t11ZsBasicGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS { t11ZsServerCapabilityObject,
              t11ZsServerDatabaseStorageType,
              t11ZsServerDistribute,
              t11ZsServerResult,
              t11ZsServerReasonCode,
              t11ZsServerReasonCodeExp,
              t11ZsServerReasonVendorCode,
              t11ZsServerLastChange,
              t11ZsServerHardZoning,
              t11ZsServerReadFromDatabase,
              t11ZsServerOperationMode,
              t11ZsSetName,
              t11ZsSetRowStatus,
              t11ZsZoneName,
              t11ZsZoneAttribBlock,
              t11ZsZoneRowStatus,
              t11ZsSetZoneRowStatus,
              t11ZsZoneMemberFormat,
```

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```
t11ZsZoneMemberID,
               t11ZsZoneMemberRowStatus,
               t11ZsActiveZoneSetName,
               t11ZsActiveActivateTime,
               t11ZsActiveZoneName,
               t11ZsActiveZoneMemberFormat,
               t11ZsActiveZoneMemberID
             }
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A collection of objects for displaying and updating
           the Zone configuration of a Zone Server capable of
           operating in Basic mode."
    ::= { t11ZsMIBGroups 1 }
t11ZsEnhancedModeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS { t11ZsServerCommit,
               t11ZsServerChangeModeResult,
               t11ZsServerDefaultZoneSetting,
               t11ZsServerMergeControlSetting,
               t11ZsServerDefZoneBroadcast,
               t11ZsAliasName,
               t11ZsAliasRowStatus,
               t11ZsAttribBlockName,
               t11ZsAttribBlockRowStatus,
               tllZsAttribType,
               t11ZsAttribValue,
               t11ZsAttribRowStatus,
               t11ZsActiveZoneBroadcastZoning,
               t11ZsActiveZoneHardZoning,
               t11ZsActiveAttribType,
               tllZsActiveAttribValue
             }
    STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A collection of additional objects for displaying
           and updating the Zone configuration of a Zone Server
           capable of operating in Enhanced mode."
    ::= { t11ZsMIBGroups 2 }
t11ZsStatisticsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS { t11ZsOutMergeRequests,
               t11ZsInMergeAccepts,
               t11ZsInMergeRequests,
               t11ZsOutMergeAccepts,
               t11ZsOutChangeRequests,
               t11ZsInChangeAccepts,
               t11ZsInChangeRequests,
```

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```
t11ZsOutChangeAccepts,
               t11ZsInZsRequests,
               t11ZsOutZsRejects
             }
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A collection of objects for collecting Zone Server
           statistics information."
    ::= { t11ZsMIBGroups 3 }
t11ZsNotificationControlGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { tllZsNotifyRequestRejectEnable,
               t11ZsNotifyMergeFailureEnable,
               t11ZsNotifyMergeSuccessEnable,
               t11ZsNotifyDefZoneChangeEnable,
               t11ZsNotifyActivateEnable,
               t11ZsRejectCtCommandString,
               t11ZsRejectRequestSource,
               t11ZsRejectReasonCode,
               t11ZsRejectReasonCodeExp,
               t11ZsRejectReasonVendorCode,
               t11ZsFabricIndex
             }
    STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
           "A collection of notification control and
           notification information objects for monitoring
           Zone Server request rejection and Zone merge
           failures."
    ::= { t11ZsMIBGroups 4 }
t11ZsActivateGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { tllZsActivateRequest,
               t11ZsActivateDeactivate,
               t11ZsActivateResult,
               t11ZsActivateFailCause,
               tllZsActivateFailDomainId
             }
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
           "A collection of objects that allow a Zone Set to
           be activated via SNMP SetRequests and provide the
           status and result of such an activation."
    ::= { t11ZsMIBGroups 5 }
t11ZsNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
   NOTIFICATIONS { t11ZsRequestRejectNotify,
                    t11ZsMergeFailureNotify,
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                                                                [Page 78]
```

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```
tllZsMergeSuccessNotify,
tllZsDefZoneChangeNotify,
tllZsActivateNotify }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
    "A collection of notification(s) for monitoring
    Zone Server request rejection, Zone merge
    failures and successes, and Default Zoning
    behavioral changes."
::= { tllZsMIBGroups 6 }
```

END

8. IANA Considerations

IANA has assigned two MIB OIDs: one for the T11-FC-FABRIC-LOCK-MIB module (159) and one for the T11-FC-ZONE-SERVER-MIB module (160), under the mib-2 subtree.

9. Security Considerations

There are many management objects defined in these MIB modules with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

Specifically, unauthorized write access to \*any\* of the writable objects in these MIB modules could cause unauthorized manipulation of the Zoning information on a Zone Server, and/or the activation of an unauthorized Active Zone Set in a Fabric. This could result in allowing unauthorized connectivity, and/or denying authorized connectivity, between hosts connected to the Fibre Channel network. It could also cause the suppression of notifications (e.g., of unauthorized operations), or the disruption of network operations due to the generation of unwanted notifications.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP.

Unauthorized read access to any of the readable objects in the t11ZsServerTable, t11ZsActiveZoneTable, t11ZsActiveZoneMemberTable, or t11ZsActiveAttribTable tables would reveal information about the

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currently authorized connectivity between hosts connected to the Fibre Channel network.

Unauthorized read access to any of the readable objects in the t11ZsSetTable, t11ZsZoneTable, t11ZsSetZoneTable, t11ZsAttribElockTable, or t11ZsAttribTable tables would reveal information about potential/alternative connectivity that could be authorized between hosts connected to the Fibre Channel network.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementors consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

## 10. Acknowledgements

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